Street Committee of the Eastern District.

ule was suspended and the same passed.

Joseph Sterle, coffeehouse, Third street, between Main and Market;

Chss. Hagan, coffeehouse, Portland; Philip Pumphrey and Henry Polly, coffee-ouse, Third street, between Market and Jef-

Wm. L. Carey, coffeehonse, Maiu street,

Louis Keck, coffeebouse, Twelfth street, be-tween Main and Market;

W. N. Mayfield, coffeehouse, corner Elev-cnth and Walnut streets; Wm. Weinrich, coffeehouse, Market street,

Henry Renker, coffeehouse, Water street,

Englebert Schneider, coffeehouse, Water

eet, between Third and Fourth; Casper J. Zoiler, coffeebouse, Jefferson street,

Alderman Lightburn, from the Committee on Education, submitted the report of the Marshal of the City Court for May, 1863, which

was ordered to be filed.

Alderman Lightburn introduced an ordi-

Anderman Engineerin Introduced an orni-nance defining the duties of the Clerk and Mnrshal of the City Court, which was read once and oldered to be read a second time; the second reading being dispensed with by a vote ol two libirds of all the members, the same

was referred to the Finnnco Committee.
Alderman Lightburn, from the Committee

on Education and Strects of the Western Dis submitted the communication of the

with a report against confirming the same which report was adopted and the nomination

Alderman Osborne offered a resolution in-

ion to instruct the Mayor to also raise the

original resolution, the same was adopt-

ens-President Peter, and Messrs. Osborne,

Hubbard, Terry, Lightburn, and Baird-6.
Nays-Messrs. Story, Rubel, and Brown-3.
An ordinance from the Common Council to

dig and wall n cistern at or near the joterse

once and ordered to be read a second time

the second rending being dispensed with by a vote of two thirds of all the members, the

tructing the Mayor and President of each card to make the necessary arrangement with

the owner of the house in Wenzel street, at the intersection of Jefferson street, for the re-

moval of the same, was adopted.

A resolution from the Common Conneil, di-

A resolution from the Common Council

making it the duty of the day police for the

cily ordinance in having the name and num-ber placed on such vehicles, and whether they

appoint a joint committee to report a plau and cost of fitting up the City Hall with benches,

etc., was adopted, and Alderman Terry was appointed such committee from this board.

ere approved: Dr. S. H. Garvin, Resident Surgeon at Hos-

P. Taylor, Master Markethouse No. 3.

The claim of Ramsey & Jeager, of \$77 89, was referred to the Committee on Public

A resolution from the Common Council was

adopted approving the Engineer's apportion-ment of work on sidewalks on the north side

f Broadway, between Campbell street and he Broadway bridge, L. Il. King contractor.

A resolution from the Common Council natructing the Street Inspector of the Eastern

Separate ordinances from the Common Council to recurb and repave the sidewalks on the east side of Eighth street, from Main to

darket, the sidewalks on both sides of Eight

street, from Walnut to Chestnut, the sidewalks on both sides of Eighth street, from Chestunt to Broadway, the sidewalks on the north side of Broadway, from Eighth to Ninth, and the

dewalk on the north side of Chestrut street

Separate resolutions from the Common

ouncil granting the following licenses were elerred to the Committee on Taverns and effectiouses of the Eastern District:

Fred. Arnold, tavern, Mnrket street, be-

John Bell, tavern, corner Fulton and Pres-

on streets; John Sass, coffeehouse, Market street, be-

tween Shelby and Campbell; Wm. Shenck, coffeehouse, corner of Jeffer-

tween Preston and Jackson;

from Eighth to Ninth street, were read and re-ferred to the Street Committee for the West-

Works.

Eastern District

Assessor announcing the nomination of L. Day as Assistant License Inspector,

enses, which were adopted

between Third and Fourth

etreet, between Main and Market

between Fourth and Fifth;

between Third and Fourth;

between Fourth and Bullitt;

son and Third streets;

4 3 -4 00

KENTUCKY

Eating-House,

B. R. WARNER, Proprietor.

503 and 505 Jefferson st., opposite Court-Hease,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

HOUSE OPEN NIGHT & DAY.

WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

P. M. to 4 A. M.

Der Dar open with the choicest Liquors, Oigars, &c.

Ladies' Restaurant now in operation.

HRRAL OFFICE BUILDING, GREEK STREET, BETWEEN THIED AND FOURTIL O SUBSUBIPTION BY MAIL. per year in elabs of five, each hearing in the right on out of the city discontinued lon of the time for which they are paid. TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

REQUARS, TERL LINES AGAIN OR LINES, DAILY:
20 or 3d page. | 1st or 4th page. |
1 month, \$6 or 10 month, \$7 or 10 month, \$6 or 10 month, \$6 or 10 month, \$6 or 10 month, \$7 or 10 month, on, 100 is mortis, 50 to 1 the above races, 50 dilitional square one half the above races. For Sale er Rent, 5r Hims, and such nestees, ding four lines agate, 25 came each insertion, and the labels 25 came each insertion, to space occupied.

The part of the space occupied.

The paper, the for each additional insertion, all notices, where the person has no advortise-the paper, 25 cents a line; each coatinuance has a line, assorbing to length of time. Editors the form a line for the research of the form of

Stephen Yancy (not a brother of Wm. Yancy), was brought before Major Fitch s morning and required to give bond in o thousand dollars and to take the oath of giance to the United States. ENGLAND AND BRAZIL .- Atthough the Mar-

ais de Saldanho, the Brazilian Minister, has ft London and suspended diplomatic relaons, we think the difficulty will be comproised without hostilities. It appears that the razilian Minister insisted that that Earl Rush had been made at Rio, on account of the ce ol Walgs sffair and the imprisonment British officers in Brazil. This the Foreign ecretary refused to do, on the ground that to xpress regret would be a confession of wrong

one, which was inadmissible. The Brazilian dinister, therefore, in accordance with posiirc instructions, left for Paris; but it is suposed that friendly negotiations will shortly e recumed, as application has been made to he King of the Belgians to act as arbitrator. At the opening of the Brazilian Chambers, on he 3d day of May, the Emperor stated that he issue depended upon the decision of King copold. The Chambers, in their address relying to the Emperor's speech, declare that 'all the Brazilians are ready to make the sacifices necessary to maintain the honor of Brail." The whole correspondence oo this disoute was laid before the British Parliament on

ne hundred and fifty acres of land ng on the Clintonville pike, and about 13/2 miles Ircm Paris, belonging to the estate of the late A. V. Bedford, was sold on Thursday, at auction, for \$100 per acre, on a credit six, twelve, and eighteen mon hs. There improvements on the tract. The C.tisys Mr. Jos. Mitchell, of Paris, was the

The Atlanta (Ga.) Intelligoncer, in a cent editorial, says of Rosecrans, that his strocities are more appulling than the fiend Butler's; that he is a consummate ruffian, an arrant bully, a shrewd deviser of little acts, an adroit observer, and an active but prudent operator. It accuses him of laying waste Tennessee, burning rebels' houses, stealing their horses, and preventing the cultivation of

in his wallet by a drenching rain while picket duty. There ought to be some perauthorized to exchange such money. Will the "Peace Democrats" of Indi-

a, who have been resisting the militia cnrolment, be opposed to resisting the rebel raid into that State, or will they propose terms of pence to the robbers? Ezra Lincoln, Assistant Treasurer of

the United States, at Boston, who died suddenly on Monday last, was nn active Whig in former days, a gentleman of great urbanity, and a delightful social companion.

CYNTUIANA, KY., June 16, 1863 On Friday last I arrived in this place just in time to hear the classing remarks of the Hon, Mr. Menzies, the Union candidate for Congress in this the Sixth District, in reply to General G. Clay Smith, who is the nominee of the radical Convention at Covington, and I am proud to say that they beamed with the hrightest rays of pure and lofty patriotism. He is truly a national patriot. He plants himself firmly upon the Constitution and laws of his country, and, with herculean powers, deals death-blows thick and fast to all sections, factions, and isms that attempt either or this Union is paramount to every thing else, and he is in favor of a vigorous prose ion of the war for its preservation, upon a onstitutional basis, at the same time he is proposed to the abolition policy of the radicals the North, and is in favor of teaching both tions ("the one with the bayonet, the her at the ballot box") that we have a coun-

ry which "shall be preserved" at whatever cost of treasure, time, and blood it may re-Ilis opponent, Gen. G. Clay Smith, was ninated by the abolition clique at Coving-headed by that would-be prince of radi-Mammoth Mouse Benton & Co. Yet ho e the regular nominee of the Union at the men who composed that con-hey will find the same radicals con-

rolling its proceedings who would not en-dorse the action of our last Legislature, and who repudiated the platform adopted by the Union party at Louisville on the 18th of March last. Then how can they, repudiating as they do the platform of the Union party of Kentucky, upon which our nominees for all State offices are making the canvass, have the effective of the converse of the co offices are making the canvass, have the cifrontery to pretend to belong to it? But it really seems that radicals, like secessionists,
were not regularly born of women, but
that they were moulded at a brass
foundery, with imaginations inserted (gratis)
as pliable as gum elastic. I wonder if they
will not soon imagine that they belong to the el party? For abolitionism, like secession ametrically opposed to both the letter and spirit of the Constitution; therefore they he spirit of the Conatitution; therefore they are twin heresles, both striving to undermine the very corner-stone of this great temple of constitutional liberty. The naked truth is that Benton & Co. are really abolitionists, and only assume the name of "Union" as a gilded mask, beneath which to hide the slimy fith of their real intentions. They are now attempting to hook the rings of abolition into the noses of the Union and truly loyal element of this State so that they can be led without this State, so that they can be led without their cognizance into the negro-embracing arms of such men as Wendell Phillips and Horace Greeley. But Kentuckians are not fatted oxen waiting for the slaughter, and will

gogues.
Ally countrymen, the question is plain, would you prefer to be led by such men as Crittenden, Mallory, Wadsworth, and Menzies, whose brilliant past shines forth as a beacon star to the succession of the show what their future will be? Or would you prefer blindly to leap aboard the rotten craft of abolition, now almost foundering in the very gulf of perdition, with such a "thing" as M. M. Benton at the helm? The poll-hooks

not be led astray by any such sectional dema-

next August will alone testify.
Upon the field of battle Gen. Smith has ever proved himself a hero and a soldier, and the people of this district very much regret that, like poor Tray, he has suffered himself to be found in bad company. Mr. Menzies, true to his course in the fast Congress, stands rely upon the platform adopted by the in Convention of 18th March, and pledges himself, if elected, to stand upon it during his

rm of service. Kentuckiansl let ns, each and every one ol ns, rally to onr post, and whilst our brave sol-diers in the field are whipping the traitors of the South with arms, let us forever crush the abolition lebellion in the North and their tools in Kentncky at the ballot-box. They will attempt to bully you (I have seen it already commences) by telling you that if you do not

one for mith you are not a Union man. It is not for mith you are not a Union man. It is not man it i cupy and at the daoger of our beloved Commonwcalth, and I am sure you will elect Menzies by an overwhelming majority.
Respectfully yours, VESPERUS.

orrespon e of the Louisville Journal.]
EXECUTION OF JOSEPH MINIX.

As I had never witnessed an execution, I vesterday went to see the shooting of one Jo- Mnrphy and Crowe. eeph Minix, of company A, 9th Kentneky volunteer infantry. Knowing the interest that is taken in Kentucky troops by the Editors of the Journal, I willingly volunteer a description of the sad affair. The accused was charged with deserting-first the United | To the Common Council: States service, next the gunrd by which he was captured. He was a young man of perhaps twenty-two years, ordinary height, and of robust form. Was last arrested on the 12th day of March, 1863, since which time he has been closely confined. He was tried by the court-martial of the 3d division, 21st A. C., court-martial of the 3d division, 21st A. C., eonvicted of the charge, and sentenced to be shot to death on the 16th day of June, 1863, between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock, A. M. I was admitted to the guard house in which the prisoner was confined a little while before the procession formed. He appeared remarkation of the procession formed. He appeared remarkation of the procession of oly calm, though an expression of something oressing on his mind was visible. There were no haudcuffs upon him, nor any ball and thain attached to his leg. Only two sentinels guarded the door, but the prisoner, since his sentence, had never attempted to escape. At half past eight the procession was formed in the following order: First, Provost Marshal Sheafe. Second, Cell Hulick's silver band. Third, the prisoner, accompanied by the Chaplain. Fourth, the pall-bearers with the coffic.

The procession moved slowly to the ground, which was an open field on the Lebanon turnpike, nbont one mile from Mnrfreesboro, the band playing a solemn nod appropriate march. The divainn was formed in a three-sided square, one brigade composing a side. The execution was performed on the line of the remaining open side. The day was unusually was m and not a breath of air was stirring. The prisoner was placed on the line of the va-cant side, the sbooting squad inside the square at a distance of twelve paces, and the band at a distance of twelve paces, and the band took their position on the right. The charge and sentence were then read to the prisoner, sfter which the Prevost Marshal gave him a few moments to commend his soul to the Alighty. He knelt with the Chaplaiu upon nis coffin, nud occupied three or four minutes n prayer, after which hearose and announced nimself as ready. His eyes were then ban-laged, and he was placed upon his coffin in a tting posture, during which movement his ace became flushed, and rapidly changed olor, first from an ashy pale to blood red, and

nen back ngain.
The scene was now becoming painful to the pectators, and many turned nway, not wishing to witness more of the awful ceremony. But the curiosity of hundreds riveted them to he spot. Those who had never seen an execution thought one victim would satisfy them orever, among which number was your cor-

respondent.

When all was ready, the Provost Marshal gave the signal to fire, and the prisoner fell back upon his coffin, pierced by five bullets, one of which passed through his heart. The troops were then marched past the corpse, lying just as it had fallen. ing just as it had fallen.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] The Fifth Kentucky Cavalry, its Vigilant Colonel, and its Want of a Regimental Flag. FRANKLIN, THNN., June 14, 1863.

After visiting the different encampments at this place and ascertaining the respective strength of the several regiments from differ-ent States of the Union sesembled here as ent States of the Union sssembled here as brothers, with the single purpose of preventing the vilest of historic traitors working any injury to the ennobling cause of perpetuating the institutions of freedom, it is well to assure the good people of Lonisville and the patriots throughout our noble Commonwealth, who eagerly watch the columns of your ever true, comprehensive, and judicious Union-loving paper, to see how justice thrives and malice stumbles; how truth flourishes and falsehood blushes—if indeed the crimsoned wickedness of treason has left the sensibility of traitors susceptible to so redeemable a qualtraitors ensceptible to so redecmable a qual-y-and let them leel certain as to the ability Postage currency comes into the possession of soldiers through the army sutlers,
and sometimes it is defaced in the hard service so that it will not pass. We know an
instance of a soldier who had some almost
ruined in his wallet by a drenching rain while mercy and leniency exercised by the Governnent of the Union in visiting condign pun-shment upon the damned miscreants who aused the sorrow and desolation felt already the solve and desolve retrained in every family, and which promises to be set by every individual before peace is restored in the United States.

But aside from the fact that no government can stand whose foundation is theft, inworked rith mulice, avurice, and vanity, let the peoclient paper, and particularly the fair ladies or whom this letter is written, that the forces t this post can and will repel the base-hearted hater of his country's pence, whenever, ander Forrest or others of the villainous school, they attempt to cross the lines of sol-diers vindicating and defending the Constitution of Washington and the lovers of freedom, and who chiefly delight in standing a barrier to our national stability.

Franklin is the main pass for the enemy to the rear of our army at Murfreesboro; but the vile heads can never make it, since our Leoni-das is not wanting in material to resist the onward march of our country's enemy. Colonel Watkins is too careful of his country's interest to allow the traitors who menace the right wing of the army of the Cumberland to obtain any contraband knowledge that might prove pernicious to the great cause of the na-

Upon his own reeponsibility, and after the commander of this post bad suffered the most startling imposition, he alone, and deep in the midnight, overtook the crafty spy whose escape might have accomplished the defeat of the army of this department, bafiled his insidous insolence, secured his person, and presented to the world the danger this army escaped, and by this noble and hazardous act reserved the lives of thousands of patriotic

At first blush this may seem extravagant to At first blush this may seem extravagant to those who envy heroism and think little; but what are the facts? The fearless spy was in our camp, had obtained a false pass through our lines, by fraud, and besides had our countersign for the night. Succeeding in escaping us, might he not have returned immediately to his command, sent word to Bragg of bis success, and marched his whole brigade, —which was probably but five miles from here, at the very time he was gulling the Post Comat the very time he was gulling the Post Commandant, for our vedettes are only four miles out,—and come into our camp bringing with him all our pickets on his march, and taking possession of the Fort before our intrepid Post

Commandant could possibly have prevented.
Taking this place would have prevented Bragg's whole army marching on the rear of our army at Murfreesboro; or what would probably avail them more, moving on to Nashville, a distance of only eighteen miles, and risking the seizing of those well manned, great guns there, in preference to attacking us at Murfreesboro. Thus ull can see the glori-ous achievment of the heroic Colonel of the oth Kentncky cavalry on this occasion. In company with the gallant Lieutenant-Colonel commauding the 5th Kentncky cavalry, he has just returned from a reconnoitring expedition, bringing with him several captives belonging to Bragg's army. Ever vigilant, he and the brave Col. Hoblitzell will always keep the enemy ignorant of what might ha learned of our plans through our lines at this

And here I am reminded that notwithstanding the 5th Kentucky Cavalry have been in the service for nearly two years they never have had the flag of their country with them. And can it be possible the friends of this regiment (for who can believe them destitute of friends?) will permit this sad state of affairs to continue? If, however, the immediate friends of this regiment persist in allowing this, and Southern Kentucky, where the regiment was principally made up, is so indifferent to the necessities of its sons as not to present the regiment with a flag, I leel sure the regiment will not be long without the "stars and stripes" when the patriots of the "bloody ground" are told the regiment was without the banner of their of August last; or when an appeal is male to the pride and patriotism of the sterling ladies of Northern Kentucky, and the lovely females of Jefferson, Mason, Fleming, and Bath counties are solicited to give attention to the humiliating situation of one of their Kentucky regiments; for the patriotism of those gentle hearts is so extensive they claim all the loyal regiments of Kentneky. Certainly the 5th Kentucky cavalry will be cared for, now that the attention of the sweet ladies of Louisville, Maysville, Mt. Sterling, and Flemingsburg, are called to the fact that the regiment wants their country's flag. They will as certainly receive a flag now from the fair hands of the beautiful ladies appealed to as that Col. Bram-

ette will be our next Governor. The generous and patriotic ladies who con-tribute to the procurement of a flag for the 5th Kentucky Cavalry will please send their con-tributions to the Journal office at Louisville. Wishing the noble and beautiful women of Kentucky all joy, we give them a parting salute, trusting they will soon see OAK POINT.

OFFICIAL. BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

THURSOAY EVENINO, June 18, 1863. Present, all the members except Aldermen The rending of the minntes of the previous meeting was dispensed with. The following veto message was read from his Honor, the Mayor: Mayor's Office, Louisville, June 11, 1863.

GENTLEMEN: I herewith return to you a resolution originating in your honorable body appropriating seven thousand dollars for the epair or afteration of the Preston street Mar use, to which I cannot give my approval. I have no objection to rendering that mnr-ket as serviceable as others, provided the end desired was rightly attainable; but I do not believe it is. I bold that the streets of a city public travel, trade, and intercourse; that to meet the full ends of their existence, no per-manent obstruction should be permitted. The manent obstruction should be permitted, same law of right and justice which lishes these avenues also enacts that the citizen shall not, except for a very limited time and under restrictions, so occupy as to prove a hindrance of public travel. This law is emicity, which derives all its powers and privi-leges from the citizen, shall have that which is denied to him? I hold that the city authorties have no light whatever to obstruct the streets in any manner whatever, except in so for and for such a limited period as may be necessary to complete some work of public importance and use. Markethouses built in the streets are permanent obstructions of serious nature; they occupy the largest and best portions of the streets, leaving a narrow roadway on either side; they gather obstructions and hinder public improvement; they curtail the rights of property-bolders, and are a heavy expense to the city. It it be decided that the markethouses are a public necessity or even convenience, then I would recommend that mercey approprinted by the require eiterthat money appropriated for the repair, alter-ation, or extension, of those now built, or the construction of new ones, be expended in the purchase of suitable lots, out of the street, so that while the doubtful question of necessity or convenience is decided in favor of the hnuses, the certain right of the public to unobstructed streets may not be infringed.

The better plan, and the one I would earnestly recommend the Council to adopt—and

the sooner the better—is as follows:

To issue licenses for green grocers and for neat and fish stores, at such rates and nor such sanitary regulations as the public wel-fare and convenience may direct, such estab-lishments to be located wherever the applicant for license may conclude best to open his

would be n very large increase to the city revenues from such licenses, without any outny whatever; the better accommodation of the public in the item of marketing; the re-moval of unsightly obstructions from the pubthoroughfares, and the increased valuation private property now located in the vicinity the markets. of the markets.

The nbove-stated considerations, but chiefly
my understanding of the question of right in
the public to the unobstructed use of all public avenues, have induced me to withhold my

npproval from the resolution herewith returned to your honorable body. Very respectfully, WM. KAYE, Mayor. The question was then taken upon the passage of the resolution, the Mayor's veto to the contrary notwithstanding, and the same was rejected by the following vote: Yeas—Messrs. Story, Rubel, and Brown—3.
Nays—President Peter, and Messrs. Osborne, Hubbard, Lightburn, and Baird—6.
Also the following veto message was read from his honor, the Mayor:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, } Louisville, June 18, 1863. To the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith return to your hon orable body a resolution authorizing the reset-ting of the curb-stones on the south side of Murket etreet, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. There should be an ordinance passed instead of n resolution, so that it may be charged to the property-holders, instead of to streets, Western District

Very respectfully, WM. KAYE, Mnyor. The question was then taken upon the pascontrary notwithstanding, and the same was e vote whereby the resolution was re-

jected was then reconsidered, and the same was referred to the Street Committee of the Western District. The report of Chas. El'ioti, Collector of Back Taxes for the Lasteru District, to June 8th, 1863, was submitted and referred to the inance Committee The report of Wm. Kaye, Sr., Collector of Back Maxes for the Western District, was submitted and referred to the Fiunuce Com-

CLAIMS ALLOWED. Strect hands Eastern District, \$539 55, pay om June 1st to June 18, 1863 I'hilip Tomppert, jr., \$200 for services as Wm. Kaye, \$41 25 for repair of cistern at the coruer of Sixth and Broadway;

E. A. Preuss, \$17 50 for paying intersec-

Fisher, \$33 for awnings; J. Fisher, \$33 for awnings; Workhouse, \$968-25, expenses for May, 1863; J. C. Gill, \$38 for services as Coroner; B. McAtee, \$827-85, for repairing Portland

The petition of Joseph Irvine in reference to the ditch for the drainage of Portland Avenue at Sixth street, Portland, was read and eferred to the Mayor and Finance Commit-

Alderman Terry reported a resolution instructing the Mayor to suspend work on the ditch in question, which was referred to the Street Committee of the Western District.
Aldermau Terry, from the Finance Com mittee, reported an ordinance from the Common Council regulating the collection of city taxes for the year ending March 9, 1861, which was read a second time and passed by the fol-

owing vote: Yeas-President Peter and Messrs. Story, Rubel, Osborne, Hubbard, Terry, Brown, Rubel, Osborne, Hubbar Lightburn, and Baird-9. Alderman Terry, from the snme, reported

an ordinance from the Common Council reg-ulating the collection of taxes, for gas and water purposes, for the year ending March 9, 1864, which was read a second time and passed by the following vote:

Υens-President Peter and Messrs. Story,
Rubel, Osborne, Hubbard, Terry, Brown,

ightburn, and Baird-9. Nays—None.

Alderman Terry, from same, reported an ordinance from the Common Council designating the subjects of assessment of different amended so as to strike out the clause providing for the assessment of a tax for the House of Refuge, and the same passed as amended by the following vote:

Yeas—President Peter and Messrs. Story, Rnbel, Osborne, Hubbard, Terry, Brown, Lighthurn, and Baird—9.

A resolution from the Common Council, to rehang the bell of the Portland Fire Company, was reterred to the Committee on Fire Department.

A resolution from the Common Council, to rehang the bell of the Portland Fire Company, was reterred to the Committee on Fire Department.

A resolution from the Common Council, to rehang the bell of the Portland Fire Company, was reterred to the Common Fire Department.

Lightburn, and Baird-9. Nays-None. Alderman Terry, from same, reported an rdinance instructing the City Attorney to take the necessary steps to have lot No. 5, the property of John McMahan, on Portland Avement of work on sidewalds on the west side ment of work on sidewalds on the west side and the class of the street from Main to Monroe, Chas.

from the further considerations of a petition of certain lottery ticket venders asking to be imbursed for a portion of the amounts paid by them for license, they having suspended susiness before the expiration of the time for which they were licensed.
Alderman Baird, from the Revision Com-

Alderman Bartu, from the Revision committee, reported an ordinance regulating the business of street plumbing, which was read n second time, nmended, and passed by the folowing vote: Yeas—President Peter, and Messrs. Story, Rubel, Osborne, Hubbnrd, Terry, Brown, Lightburn, and Baird—2. Nays—None.

Aldermau Baird renorted an ordinance regulating the sale of fresh meats and vegetables outside of the city markets, which was read once, and ordered to be read a second time; the second reading being dispensed with by a wete of two thirds of all the members, the rule was saspended and the same passed by e following vote: Yeas—President Peter, and Messrs. Osborne,

ays-Mesers. Story, Rubel, Brown, and Alderman Oshorne, from the Street Committee of the Eastern District, reported a resolution from the Common Council instructing the Street Inspector of the Eastern District p place stepping stones across Washington treet, at the west side of First street, which

Alderman Osborne, from same, reported a resolution iostructing the Mayor to have repaired the street and sewer on First street, south of Walnut, and the intersoction of the first street, which is the first street of the first irst alley south of Walnut with First street, and Second streets: which was adopted.

Aderman Osborne, from same, reported a and Brook; resolution instructing the Engineer to examine into the requirements of the petition of Henry Waterman and others, asking that crossings be placed and the gutters be regraded (dec. Luckei, and Broadway;

Fidel Stoll, Market street, between First and at the intersection of Green and First streets, which was adopted.

Alderman Lightburn, from the Street Committee of the Western District, reported a resolution from the Common Council approving the Engineer's apportionment of work on the sidewalks on the west side of Twelfth street, from Mnin to Monro e street, Chas. Obst contractor, which was adopted.

Alderman Lightburn, from same, reported a resolution instructing the Street Iuspector of the Western District to 1sy stepping stones aeross Ninth street, at the north side of Broadway, and acress Broadway at the west side of Ninth street, which was adopted.

Alderman Story, from the Committee on Public Works, was discharged from the further consideration of a resolution authorizing the dealers in fish to have water-pings placed in the epace occupied by them at the market-bases. at the intersection of Green and First streets, A resolution from the Common Council to djourn until Wednesday evening, June 24, 863. was adopted. Whereupon the Board adjourned.
OLIVER LUCAS, Clerk.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY. MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1863.

INCIDENTS OF THE POLISH REVOLT. - We and in the Polish correspondence of the London Pnily News the following notices of scenes on the battle-fields:

At Olescice, about ten miles from the woods of Kohiclanka, where the battle of May 5 took place, we found Winnicki, the chief of the staff, lying weunded. A hall had struck him in the head, but happily only carried away part of the scalp witbont fracturing the skull. He described the buttle as having been tremendously severe, and from all accounts the volleys fired at intervals of a few minutes by the Russians were more like a in the epace occupied by them at the market A resolution from the Common Coucil accepting the invitation of J. P. Gheen, Secretary of the School Board, to attend the public exercises of the Male and Female High llood of lead than a mere shower of bullets.

To the number of about eight hundred mer Schools, at Masonic Temple, on Thursday and Fridny Evenings, the 25th and 26th instant, the Russians poured across the moat, at pre-cisely the centre point in the bend of the bow, and temporarily occupied the Polish camp. was adopted.
Alderman Story presented an ordinance to on the left, where Gen. Waligorski command d. the Russians juadea tremendons onslaugh grade, pave, and recurb the sidewalks on both sides of Clay street, from Franklin street to the Beargrass, which was referred to the pouring a flank fire and from gnns planted on Austrian territory. Thus the Polish position was assaulted from every side, and but for the extraordinary bravery of its detenders must have been effectually carried. An officer who was present at the battle of Fredericksburg mittee, Eastern District, then reported the or-dioance to grade, pave, and recurb the side-walks on both sides of Clay street, from assured me that the fire on that day was never

Franklin to the Beargrass, which was read once and ordered to he resd a second time; the second reading being dispensed with by a vote of two thirds of all the members, the walls was appeared and the seame record. so heavy as this. Wylerynski, the "sttaman," as the com mander of the insurgeot Cossacks is called formed his sixty men in the side which, form ng the base of the camp, separates the Rus-Alderman Brown, from the Committee on Taverns and Coffeehouses of the Western Diseian and Austrian territories, and made splendid charge letween the double fire of the insurgeuts from the Russian woods and the trict, reported separate resolutions from the Common Council granting the following li-Russians from the Austrian woods. John J. Felker, tavern, Market street, be-tween Third and Fourth; the face of the guns planted on the other side rode toldly into it. The Russian gunner seeing this, at once took to flight, and had no Wendel Kaufinan, tnvern, corner Fourth and Water streets;
Martin Woodruff, coffeebouse, Canal street, the cavalry become nopelessly eutangled the marsh the two guns might have been en Philip Walter, coffeehouse, Third street, be-tween Main and Water; Herman Huebuer, coffeehouse, Market street,

urcd. Six of the insurgent Cossacks fell dend and the attamen was wounded. Where the fight was the hottest, a priest, Bulsiewicz, rnising the cross nloft, put himse at the head of a desperate band and thre self on the dcuse masses of the enemy aself on the deuse masses of the enemy. A cof these charges young Waligorski, a boy 17, rushing madly forward, was laid low a bullet which struck him on the jaw ly, but not mortally, wounded, he was lying on the ground, when some Russian iers despatched him with the hayonet filling his mouth with earth to drown his cries. I had dined with the poor fellow two days before, and little thought when I left tho camp I should never see him moro.

between Tenth and Chapel; Laugan and Fitzpntrick, coffeehouse, Sixth Two officers of the insurrectionary army, named Loruns and L'Espinasse, who had just arrived in Paris, publish a statement of the atrocities committed by the Russian soldiers in Poland, and add some bits ol evidence to show the mnnner in which Prussia aids the Czar. They say:

At the battle of Nowa Wies, a body of Russiane, pursued by our column, took refuge on Prussian territory; they were devoid of am-munition and could not have offered resist-nace for any length of time. The Prussian authorities billeted the Russian seldiers on the between Fourth and Bullit;
Joseph Mang, coffeehouse, Market street, between Sixlb and Seventh;
Alderman Brown, from the Committee on Elections, Bonds, and Contracts, reported the bond of Charles Fiske, Engineer of the Fire Department, and the same was approved.
Alderman Lighthurn from the Committee inhabitants, a hanquet took place in honor of them, and two days after they were conducted to the frontiers, supplied with arms and bag-gage, and, wonderful to relate, the very same troops which were previously devoid of ammnitiou, found themselves, solely owing to their visit to the Prussian territory, well supplied with powder and shot.

Moreover, the Prussian frontier bristling

with cannon, the Prussian post-pickets situa-ted five hundred yards apart, the garrisoning of all the villages bordering on Poland, are a pretty sure proof of the operation of the con-vention concluded ou the 8th February last Letween Russia and Prussia. The following is a list of sick soldiers of Kentucky regiments in Hospitals at

St. Louis: W. J. Renfro, co. F, 3d Kentucky.
J. Chaudler, co. D, 1st Kentucky.
G. D. Gregory, corporal, co. F, 3d Kentucky.
Eliyah Johes, co. I, 3d Kentucky.
Jas. Steinhart, co. D, 7th Kentucky.
W. Padgett, co. C, 19th Kentucky.
Jacob Cowhen, co. II, 3d Kentucky. K, 3d Keutucky.

DECEASED SOLDIERS .- The following is a ist of soldiers who have died in general hospitals in this cit; during the week ending June

Geo. Selts, co. A, 20th Michigah. I has, Jackson, co. E, 36th Massachusetts, Wm. A. Evlahem, co. E, 38th Chio. Jas. Asberafi, co. 1, 721 Indiana. Wm. A. Ceckerhand, co. B, 224 Indiana. Moses Hebrick, co. G, 19th Ohio. For the Louisville Journal.1

THE TWELFTH KENTUCKY CAVALRY. o tollowing voie: Yeas-President Peter, and Messrs. Story, ITS RECRUITING AND OROANIZATION. Rubel, Osborne, Hubbard, Terry, Lightburn, Browu, and Baird—9.

Nays—None.

A resolution from the Common Council in-

This regiment was recruited by Colonels Shauks and Netter, both of Unio county, Hartford Fair Grounds being their first camps. The men were collected from a district already exhausted by having furnished four full reginents to their country's call. A further em-earrassment prose from the continual guerilla warfare existing in this section, endangering every mun's life that gave encouragement to the cause of collistments and imperilling the amilies of the collisted to the vengeauce of these marauding bands. Yet the numbers inrecting stepping-stones to be placed across Market street, at the east side of Eighth street, was adopted. creased in each camp from July till October, when they were consolidated into one reginent of 1,200 men. Col. Netter had before city at large to ascertain whether hackmen and owners of other vehicles have taken out license, and whether they comply with the fallen in an engagement defending his camp al Owensburo. On the 11th of October, Q. C. Shanks was chosen Colonel and A. W. Holman Lieutenant Colonel, Messrs. N. L. Lightfoot, W. R. Kinney, and J. H. Stout Majnrs, with a full corps of regimental and company carry posted up in such vehicles the rates of fare allowed by ordinamce, and report delin-quents to the City Attorney that warrauts may be issued, was adopted.

A resolution from the Common Council to

During the recruiting and for some time after the regiment was only armed with mus-kets, a few sabres, and some of Starr's pistols, and consequently their fighting could only be performed dismounted and to great disadvan-tage. It was therefore determined by the offithis purpose breech-loading Union Rifles, of 1,000 yaids range, shooting self-clearing cartridges, were placed in the hands of ten companies. And Henry's fifteen-shooting, self-clearing and cocking Rifles, of the same range, were put in the hands of two companies, commanded by Captains Wilson and Samuels, who have and will give a good account of them.

The outfit of saddles have The bonds of the following city officers A resolution allowing John Keegan further time until November 1st, 1863, to complete the work on the alley between Sixteenth and Seventeenth and Main and Market streets was have and will give a good account of them.

The outfit of saddles, harness, and clothing were, and still are, of one model, taking from the ceaseless energy of Quarter masters Thom as and Teaman. The proper arming and good proving the Engineer's apportionment of work on sidewalks on the east side of Second street, from Washington to Water, Charles Obst contractor, was referred to the Street Comulfit of a cavalier gives great confidence in the day of battle, au i is a potent means of success. mittee Eastern District.
A resolution from the Common Council was

INSTRUCTIONS AND DRILL. While surrounding dangers and scouting duties diverted in some degree the attention from field drill, it at the same time gave this regiment practical demonstrations of its les-So that the instructions of F. Delfasse. officers generally, became fixed in the mind of each cavalier. Thus a commendable knowedge of tactics and moral discipline has been ined incomuch that citizens and soldiers have spoke in our praise wherever we have

Owing to the exposed condition, hard work, and Irying circumstances of the past winter, quite a number of the officers and men's ealth gave way; so much so that Col. Shanks sajors Lightfoot, Kinney, and Stout, Adjutant Blewett, and Quartermaster Thomas were lost hends of companies. Most of these vacancies have been filled, and some of them by men of cfficiency and ability. Diseases among the rank and file have also done their work of decimation; and although we have the Lest of surgeons, Dr. Swan and his assistants, yet quite a number have died, and oot a few, rendered unfit for service have been discharged. These, taken with the rank, have reduced our numbers to almost eal, but a growing anxiety to be forward in word be "Up Guards and at them," and "the action will be suited to the word." You have, in the foregoing, a sketch of our organization, arms and outfil, military acquirements, and the changes, wastes, &c., we have suffered. And should this meet yeur publishing favor, we shall be pleased to give you a sketch of our work.

J. P. PELL, Chaplain.

Ann Thomas, coffeehouse, corner of Main Some of the papers propose to call on J. D. Zanone, beerhouse, Market street, be-McClellan to lend our armies. Any one in the name of heaven, who can call on-wards to our glorious armies on the Potomac, now (leo. Luckei, beerhouse, corner of Shelby so cursed by iucompetent generalship.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. EVENING DESPATCHES.

Our Special Despatches!

[Special Despatches to the Louisvilla Jonrnal.] CINCINNATI, June 20. A special despath to the Gazette says it is the prevailing opinion that the invasion of Pennsylvanin is over and that the enemy's further movements are aimed chiefly at Baltimore, or poesibly at Washington.

The following despatch to the New York Times from its correspondent at Hooker's headquarters gives the clearest statement respecting the late movements of the rebel army that we have had yet: HEADQUARTERS, June 18.

We can follow the course of the enemy through the last two weeks, as we think, pretty accurately. More than thirty days ago two brigades of what is now Ewell's corps, left Fredericksburg by railroad. We could not learn where they went. Trimble's brignde was one of these brigndes, composed largely of Maryland rebels, and now turns up as the advance in the Shenandoah Valley. We can now easily conceive how a force

of one division was thrown around by rail iuto the valley by way of Stanton. The residue of Ewell's corps marched for the valley by way of Cnlpepper and Front Royal. About two weeks sgo, when Trimble got into effect the valley, he found our forces too strong fer him, and sent for help. Ewell supported him, and in the meantime

Stuart was getting his cavalry ready to dash through the valley as soon as the valley was cleared. Ewell was then streng enough to attnek Milrey and endeavor to capture his whole command. A week ago last Saturday, June 6th, Longstreet's corps passed through Culpepper, and

moved in the direction of Thornton's and Chester Gsps. A portion of it is possibly up to Front Royal and Ashby's Gap. But a small I ortion only of this corps pushed up to the support of Ewell's, and is now undoubtedly Ilill's corps was left at Fredericksburg. It seems to have been Gen. Lee's hope that the

retention of one corps there would result in Whatever may have been the plans and designs of Lee, there is not the least doubt but they have been materially interfered with, if not partially foiled by two or three energetic movements. Hooker's attack on Stuart damaged him badly, exposed his designs, and com-

pletely discomfitted him. llis proposed raid did not take place, and it is Ridge. supposed that all the cavalry threatening Penneylvania is under the command of Jenkins or Imboden, or some other guerilla of that stamp. Stuart's heavy lorce of cavalry is certainly not there. In a day or two we may know just where it is.

Another thing that deranged Lee's plans was Milroy's energetic defence of Winchester, which would naturally render Lee's approach to the Potomac very cautious in the the face n the face of an unexpectedly serious resistance. As to the reported forces on the line of the Potomac, and just north of it they are probably the advance gnnrd of Ewell's corps. And after the occupation of Winchester there was seize the line of the Potomac in the vicinity of Williamsport, and nothing more unnatural that they should cross it in force until the whole of their army was within supporting distance; \$100 for two months.

Conce quiet. Sugar steady; N. O. 101, 1912.

Police Proceedings—Saturday, June 20.—

Worton Post was presented on the charge of wagrancy; \$100 for two months.

comparing all my information, I believe to be this: Longstreet and Ewell in the valley near This being the second time that she was pre-Winchester, and Hill on the march between Culpepper and Chester Gap, but he has hardly | ngreement between her and the Judge, sent to had time to get on the other side of Blue Ridge. Lee may make, it is thought, one of these two movements across the Potomac toward llagerstown, viz: defending the passes of South Mountain and his right finnk, or n sudden concentration in Loudon Valley and a passage of the Potomac at Nolan's Ferry, just where he crossed last year.

conducted. The Pennsylvania excitement is not be fired. maiuly over, and little apprehension is now influence on their plans.

WASHINGTON, June 19. The following details are in regard to the fight near Addie:
This reconnoissance by our cavalry has solved the mystery of the location of Lee and Ewell. From this sonrce it is also ascertained that Longstreet was on Wednesday, at Union, Loudon county, in the Bull Run Valley.

Advices from below say A. P. Ilill's advance guard, consisting of Hampton's Legion, was ndvancing toward Dunfries, and that one regiment had made its appearance at Stafford C. H. Combining these facts, intelligent officers draw the conclusion that Lee is advancing upon the Army of the Potomac in three

columns; his right under Hill, by way of Occoquen and Wolfe Run Shoals; his centre under Ewell, by way of Thoroughfare Gap, and his left under Longstreet, by way of Lecs-

as yet heard of the result.

The following were among the killed and wounded in the receat cavalry fight at Aldie, Va.: 6th Ohio cavalry, W. J. Carpenter, arm; Wm. Akers, leg; Bailey D. Keefer, contusion; Sergeant Bosquni, shoulder; Sergeant G. II.
Stone, leg; Henry Leopold, severely, head;
W. B. Warriner, hip; Sergt. Moran, injured
by horse falling on him; E. Osborn, foot.

PHILADRIPHIA, June 20.
A gentleman who reached Baltimore by the Frederick train this morning, who left llagers-town late Thursday afternoon, reports passing through rebel pickets on the road as far east ns Boonesboro and vicinity, and says Hagerstown seems to be permanently occupied by some 3,000 troops, mainly from North Caroli-na, under Gen. Rhodes. The forces that have gene into Pennsylvania are under Jenkins and are said to be returning, bringing a large number of horses and mules; also a few cattle, and a large number of negroes. They alleged that they had run away from their mas ters in Washington county, Maryland. Those belonging about Hagerstown were being re-turned to their robel owners, and those said to be from Virginia were sent back under guard. Horses and other property taken from citizens of Maryland have been returned to them, and every effort has been made to make their stealing as little offensive as possible to "my

It was said a considerable infantry force was posted on the Virginia side near Williamsport, some seven miles from Hagerstown. It was said at Hagerstown that the conciliatory policy alluded to was dietated by the hope of obtaining recruits in Maryland. McConnellsburg, Pa., June 19.
A detachment of Geu. Jenkins's force

mounted infantry, under the command of Col. Ferguson, entered this place at 4 o'clock this morning. The rebels opened all the stores, helping themselves to boots, sboes, hats, provisions, and everything else they could carry away. The town was so completely taken by surprise, that the citizens were unable to escape, and a large number of them fell into The rebels also drove away about \$12,00

worth of cattle. One of the rehels, in a tempting to capture a horse, was shot through the neck by some nnknown person. This sexaspernted his companiors that they threa ned to burn the town, but finally desisted The rebels completely gutted the telegraph office, carrying off the instruments and all the messages. The operator made his escape. After the rebels had collected all their plunder and were ready to evacuate the place, the Colonel commanding the rebels made koown to the citizens that he was ready to listen to any claims for the recovery of horses,

cattle, provisions, &c. Many applied for the return of their property, but for the most part were unsuccessful. A number of ladies came forward and interceded, when a portion of the

property was restored.

The rebels retreated in the direction of Hancock, but where they may next turn up it is impossible to say. A number of boquets were presented to the rebels by the sympathizers' ladies, and it was principally these that received back their horses, eattle, &c.

[Special to the Times.] New Yoak, June 20.
Two deserters from Stnart's cavalry say that Stnart has 12,000 at Warrenton, and Lee's nrmy is massed in the Shenandoah Valley, between Front Royal and Winchester, numbering about 90,000.

Also that Lee's whole army is preparing to turn Hooker's right flank and cross into Ma-

A special to the Times, dated Harrisburg, June 19, states that the enemy are no nearer Chambershurg than Greencastle, and their re-approach as far as Chambersburg is extremely It is believed that they will abandon this

side of the State line altogether.

A Herald's special says that troops are arriving at Harrishurg by every train.

There is a prospect of a forward movement from there. It is reported that Stoneman's cavalry was a the vicinity of Hagerstown, fighting the

MEMPHIS, June 18, via Cairo, 20. The stesmer Imperial brings official advices from Grant's army to the 15th, Monday

The enemy opened a vigorous fire with nr-tillery and musketry along the whole line, and kept it up most of the day.

At times it was furious but without much They placed two mortars ont of the reach of nur guns and sharpshooters, from which nearly one hundred shells were fired at our tienches, but only wounding two or three

men.
The siege is being pressed with vigor on all sides. The defences in our rear are being daily strengthened, and Johnston is evidently in fear of an attack.
Guerillas are swarming the banks of the river above and below here, firing on all passing boats.

The Alice Dean was fired on at Buck's Island, 35 miles below. One man was killed. Measnres are being taken to check them.

A heavy cavalry expedition is bsing sent Sonth by Gen. Hurlbut.

FRENERIOR, Mn., June 19. A quiet here. A stage for Hagerstown got to Boonshoro, and was stopped by rebel cavalry. All quiet at Harper's Ferry.
Our troops captured 20 of White's cavalry at the Point of Rocks last night.

retention of one corps there would result in keeping Gen. Ilooker's army in check; for Hill never moved a foot till Hooker did.

On Saturday, the 13th, Hill's corps began marching out, and on Monday the last of his column and a battery of artillery left the city.

Whatever may have been the plans and decay with the purpose of making that a base with the purpose of making that a base with the purpose of making that a base. c, with the purpose of making that a base of operations for an extensive raid into Penn

New York, June 20. The Herald's Washington despatch says nothing has been seen of the enemy since the skirmish at Aldie on Wednesday.

It is evident that the main portion of Lee's ces are still near the Gaps of the Blue Cinoinnati, June 20-M.

River stationary; 5 feet in the channel. Cloudy. Thermometer 77; Barometer 29.30. Cincinnati, June 20, M. Flour dull and 160 lower; sales superfine at \$4 407 4 50, extra \$4 75@4 8; fancy scarce and firm at \$500 500. Wheathull; sales at \$1 10@1 12 for red and \$1 15@ Whiskey 40c.

Gricerice steady.

Flour is dult and Se lower at \$5,3005 for extra West-ru; \$5,8005,98 for Roundhoop Unio. Wheat dult and to lower at \$1,18001,35 for Chicago Spring; \$1,37001,40 for Milwaukee Club; \$1,4001,48 for Winter Red.

Corn sleady at 33356. Oats dult and lower at 7839. rk quiet. Lard steady at 9% (2)10'4c.

tocks lower, and closed dull. Money and exchange toanged. Reading R. R. 103, Eric R. R. 9319, Nsw & Central 119. Gold 4325.
S. certificates 101'1; 7 3-10's 10734, February and

Margaret Faha, charged with stealing a Is about 5 feel 11 luches bigh, To-day the present position of the enemy, gold watch from Robert Dupuy. Continued. Mary Ryan, drunk and disorderly conduct.

> the Workhouse for one year. Wm. Hall, charged with injuring the propcity of Gans & Gordin: \$100 for three months. Some twelve or fifteen ordinance warrants were disposed of.

More than eight hundred guns ol an European purchase have lately been sent from the Army of Tennessee to the St. Louis arse New York papers criticise sharply Milroy's | nal for repairs. On examination it was found refreat from Wiuchester, and argue that it that there was no communication between was alike unnecessary, and unsuccessfully the tube and the barrel, and the guns could

The Paris Citizen says the pickets near lelt of any serions rebel movement further that town were fired upon Thursday morning north than against Baltimore or menacing the about 3 o'clock, by five men on horseback, connections with Washington. Meantime, supposed to be rebel soldiers. The pickets re-Fortress Monroc may exercise a controlling turned the fire, when the rebels retreated, one of them exclaimed "Oh, Lord," leading to the supposition that he had received a shot.

on Thureday, the 28th of May, 1862, near Springfield, , al the residence of her son, Edmond L. Davison, s. Jank Davison, s. Jank Davison, in the 7th year of her age, he had been a great sufferer for many years. She I been a member of the Presbyterian Church in Inglield since the year 1812, but had not been able stiend public service for the last fontteen years, be was a pions. Christian wound a warm and She was a pious, Christian woman, a warm and obliging friend, au indulgent mistress, a devotedly affectionate mother. In all these relations her loss is sadly felt. She hed lived among and been beloved by two generations. In her death is broken one of those links which connect us so foully with a brighter and belier past. She was blessed by mainro with a good mind and a retentivo memory, which she retained unimpaired us til the very last.

The social position from early life had been such as to afferd her an acquaintance with many of the principal families of the Stale, and gave her a knowledge of many incidents in this social history of our Stato, but mere especially of the clurch in Kentucky. She witnessed many changes: so must all who live to length of daye, But she died with faith in Christ, and has gone to her reward.

"She reefs from her labors, and her works do follow her."

'She reels from her labors, and her works do follow to be family her loss is sad. This tender chords of endship and affection which bind heart to heart are tsevered without pain. But what a source of conation have they in the teachings of the Bille, is at rel gion which sustained her through so many als and hereavements. When the energies of the body are worn out by the should attribute of life—when it is racked with pain definition of life—when it is racked with pain definition of life—when the is racked with pain definition of life when the should be a world with a world part of the should be shou

At his residence, in Springfield, Ky., ou Saturday, the 13th of June, Mr. Joun Chraram.

This death was sudd u and naspected, casting a glot in ever the culire community, and be ug almost in lumpportable shock to his wife, who was then, and is still, extremely ill. Georgetown, Ky., ou the 3d lnst, Mr. ALEXAN

PITCH! PITCH! OOFING and BOAT PITCH MANUFACTURED and for sale by 18 b&j&w WM. SKENE & CO., Bullitt at. SPRING GOODS.

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GRAY POPLINS;
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PLAIN BLACK SILES PLAIN BLACK SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK SILKS;
BEAUTIFUL ORGANDIES;
GRAPE MORETZ;
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OSBORN'S, 225 Main al., bel. Second and Third, COFT FELT BATS OF VARIOUS STYLES, QUAL-BURNSIDE BEGULATION HAT, A SUPERIOR WM. F OSBORN'S. OFFICERS' REGULATION WAPS AND FATIGUE OSBORN'S. MEN'S AND BOIS CAPS, STRAW, LEGHORN, and PARAMA HATS, latest siles and cheap, at WM. F. OSBORN'S, jejich 225 Main st., bel. Second and Third.

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jis jalaw WM.SKENE & 00 , Buillitt st. 7 FRUIT JARS AND CANS. G LASS FRUIT JARS OF DIFFERENT STYLES for sale, and Tin Fruit Caus made to order. The trade supplied, J18 j&t&w WM. SKENE & CO., Bullittst.

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Fifth street, between Main and Market.

Fifth street, between Main and Market.

WE ARE IN DAILY RECEIPT OF FRESH
POTOMAO SHAD,
OYSTERS IN THE SHELL,
WOOD COCK.
JACK SNIPE
BLUE-WING DUOK,
FROGS' LEGS,
SQUIBBELS;
And all other dailcacles of the season, all of which we serve up in our restaurant or send to gentlemen's houses in style that cannot be surpassed.

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Pargny's Restaurant rbopaning and beduction in prices HAVE REOPENED MY RESTAURANT AT the corner of Third and Jefferson streets, and re COMMODIOUS LADIES' SALOON, Intirely separated from the Gentlemen's Rostaurant and where Ice-Creams, Sherbets, & Fruit will be ready at all hours. The location on the first floor renders it wary convenient. The bill of fare will always comprise the very best are stoles in the market, and be prepared by an experience cook.
Meals, Descerts, Ice-Oream, &c., will be sent to my
wate farsilee it desired, and family parties supplied a
any hour.

\$200 REWARD. WILL GIVE THE ABOVE REWARD FOR THE apprehension and delivery to me of CHARLES ODGERS and JOHN W. BUCKMAN, who broke it salv like morning, or slop reward for either. CHARLES RODGERS.

sented this week, she was, according to an cassimere freek coal, light pants, grey shirt, loo orewu black hat, walks erect. W. K. THOMAS, jiif Jaller of Jeff. Co., Louisvillo, Kr. WAR CLAIMS

ADJUSTED AND COLLECTED. No. 63 Washington avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO., One door east of Webh & Kalme's office, and two doors east of the Quartermaster's Department, St. Louis. JOHN P. CAMP

Will give his attention to the adjustment and collect tlou of Vouchers and other claims against the United States Government in all its Departments. Accounts and bills against the Government made but in proper form and Vouchers therefor obtained and ## Merchants baving Vouchers for small amounts can save themselves time and Ironble by placing them

Vouchers and Quartermasters' Checks on Washington bought at low rates. Hon. D. Davis, Biosmington, Ill.; Hon. Jos. Holt Washington, D. C.; Ilon. H. Compbell, St. Louis, Mo.; Samuel T. Glover, St. Louis, Mo.; J. R. Shepley, Hag.

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LOUISVILLE, KY Lieut. Henry G. Walter's Recruiting Office for the 4th Ky. Cavalry, Figh, at the Office of Mesers, Barclay & Evans, Pension Agents.

I DESIRE TO RECRUIT FOR THE above regiment, which has been in service nearly two years, a few good, well-built, healily, and sober men. The regiment's far-built in a number of engagements, and lately at Frankling, and lately at Frankling. The men will he nniformed as soon as passed by le Surgeon. 18 23 dollars honnty and 13 dollars advance pay. 18 3 Four Dollars Preminm will be paid to each onted mau.

Not Other hours from 9 o'clock A. M., unii 4 o'clock

N. M. IIENRY G. WALTER,

jio dim 2d Lieul, 4th Ky. Cav Recr. Officer. PRESENTATION SWORDS, Field, New Regulation Staff, Surgeon, and Line Swords; Cavalry Sabres, Sashes, Field-Glasses, Belts, Shoulder-Straps

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REAPER and MOWER, Repairs constantly on hand for Machines from 1856 to 1863. By caling at the stere the undersigned will take bleasure in showing the Srlf-Raker, there being one n store complete for exhibition.

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CEO. D. PRENTICE, Editors.

UNION STATE TICKET. THOS. E. BRANLETTE, of Adalr. FOR LIBUTENANT GOVERNOR, RICHARD T. JACOB, of Oldham. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL. MOHN M. HARLAN, of Franklin, FOR STATE TREASURES, JAMES H. GARRARD, of Clay. FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS. WILLIAM T. SAMUELS, of Hardis. FOR BEGISTER OF LAND OFFICE, JAMES A. DAWSON, of Hart.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUB. INSTRUCTION. DANIEL STEVENSON, of Franklin. STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE. JAMES GUTHELE, GEORGE D. PRENTICE,
JOHUA TEVIS, GEORGE P. DOKEN,
HAMILTON POPE, JOHN W. BABE,
RICKLED KNOTT.
Joshua Tavis, Secretary, to whom all communications should be addressed. was in 1860, when we made it the pledge upon which we came into power; and it will be true forever, whether men in the heat and

FOR CONGRESS, ROBERT MALLORY,

ander their feet.

This Constitution of ours gives to us all the This Constitution of onrs gives to us all the powers which are necessary to meet even the exigeucies of civil war. It is just as perfect in this as in every other respect. It meets all the necessities of onr situation, whether of war, insurrection, or peace. The idea that at any time, for one single honr, this Constitution because civil war, exists is discovered or MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1863. GEN. BUELL'S VINDICATION .- We to-day tion, because civil war exists, is dissolved or gives way to martial law, as to something

commence the publication of the statement of Major-General Buell in review of the evidence before the Military Commission to enquire into his Tennessee and Kentucky campaigns, before he was superseded by General Rosecrans. We ask particular attention to this interesting defence, which is a complete refutation of all the charges which ignorance or fanaticism has brought against the distinguished commander. The length of the document will compel its subdivision, but we shall publish the parts continuously. We have no com- man, and a freeman; they are as different ments to make on a publication which speaks from the spirit and the views of Mr. Doolittle's for itself so clearly and to the point. General | Chicago speech as light is from darkness or as Buell has defined his policy and shown why he did not do impossible things, which Con- | The contrast or the contradiction is instructive gressional Committees could have done 'just It shows how thoroughly within the last year as easy" as the little girl's father could have the radicals have subjugated the conservatives bought her an apple if he had been at the of the Republican party, and how much the huckster stand. We have but one fact to add hope of the people and of the Union deto this remarkable history, as we do not re- pends on the overthrow of that ruinous member to have seen it published before. The party at the ballot-box. The Republican day previous to the battle of Perryville, Gen. party is now out sud ont a radical party Buell was severely injured by a fall from his an abolition party—a revolutionary parhorse, and was confined to his tent during the ty-a Jscohin party-a disnnion party. entire action. Is it not a strange and cruel Upon its overthrow at the ballot-box depends piece of injustice that the finding of the Court | the suppression of the rebellion, the salvation of Inquiry has not been promulgated? Well of the country, and the welfare of the cause of may the Boston Post ask why the proceed-ings are not published, and what influence whilst faithfully doing his number against the withholds them. "Gen, Buell's high personal armed foe in the field, gird his soul for the character, his genuine patriotism, his noble great civil struggle which is upon us; and let fidelity to the trusts committed to him, com- the friends of public freedom in all other lands mand universal respect wherever he is known. send up their prayers for the success of its vo-He is every inch a man. His military com- taries here at the ballot-box no less than in rsdes believe that hie splendid handling of the the field. army nnder his command, evincing rare genius for war, justified in full the judgment of his peers who selected him to render service to his country; and the belief among them is general that he stood the fiery ordcal with high honor. President Lincoln was grossly imposed npon in this removal. Let the proceedings of the Court appear and let the conntry know the truth and the whole truth."

Mr. Senator Doolittle made a speech in all white males under eighteen and over forty-Chicago not long ago, a passage of which is five years of age, shall be called into service thus reported:

In regard to the matter which was immediately before the meeting, he said: He believed the exercise of the power in any part of twenty and over forty-five and discriminates. twenty and over forty-five, and discriminates much more favorably in the interests of those who have dependent families. Under the State Guard law every ahle-bodied white less than eighteen and over forty-five years of age could now be a solled interest. ustly so. In my opinion, the Executive is could now be called into service, as there is clothed with discretion in the time of war to "extreme danger." It seems strange then. do what he deems fit and proper. He alluded to the revoking order. Probably the President thinks the time has not yet come when Chiany newspaper opposes the enforcing of the conscription law, or any other order the President thinks proper to give, that paper will be suppressed, and, if need be, martial law proclaimed. We desire, if possible, to have the loyal people of the North united as one man, and we want here it practically as one it is of and we must have it practically so, or it is of no avail. He regretted that there were still two political parties. There should be but one, and that one united with the determination to put down the rehellion. But as it is, the President must control all men of all partics, and those who oppose the Administration will suffer the consequences. If the time comes and it becomes necessary, Mr. Lincoln will declare martial law, even in Chicago. He hoped there would never be a necessity for

Upon this the Boston Courier, having previ- that Adjutant-General Finnell has prepared the ously cited Louis Napoleon's tyrannical inter- rolls for the officers of the Government, and ference with the French elections, comments | that the entire militia strength of the State thus justly and happily: "We confess that will be organized without further delay. there is a thoroughness, a completeness, a When this has been effected, a draft can easily roundness in Mr. Doolittle's views which we take place, if necessary, and we are daily berather like. He resembles the actor in Mr. coming more convinced that it will be neces-Crummles's company, who used to black him- sary to meet the last desperate and energetic self all over when he was going to play efforts of the rebellion. Nothing can dispense Othello. 'In my opinion, the Executive is with the necessity of a draft in our State but clothed with discretion in the time of war to prompt and general volunteering. do what he deems fit and proper.' This is simple, satisfactory, and intelligible; it cuts when its theatre is at a distance from our clean; as with a touch of a magician's wand, doors. Last fall when Bragg and Kirby it transforms our institutions into a despotism | Smith were menacing our city, and General like that of Runjeet Sing or Dr. Francia. 1t Nesson had hardly any force to repel an atsaves a great many nice questions, and pnts an | tack but the raw troops sent in friendly haste end to a great deal of impertinent nonsense | to our relief from other States, we felt the on the part of certain pestilent fellows called danger, and companies were hastily organized, lawyers, who traitorouely corrupt the youth of and in every part of the city drills were the realm, who 'usually talk' of habeas corpns | progressing. But as soon as General Buell and bills of rights, and 'such abominable words arrived and saved us from the impending as no Christian ear can endure to hear.' After | catastrophe, the spirit died away and since having armed the President with the power of then we have had no evidence of military doing whatever he deems fit and proper, he animation amongst us. This is the result of an proceeds to define the ends and purposes to | nnpardonable and irrational lukewarmness, which he would have this power directed, and for, if Kentuckians will not voluntarily these are to suppress every newspaper, and to awaken to a realizing sense of their duties, hang or banish every man, that opposes the Administration. As between the American and the Frenchman, we think the former the greater artist. The soil of America does not the field from Kentucky are residents of those mean to be excelled by that of Europe, even in the production of courties and sycophants. The genius of Mr. Doolittle would seem to have been cramped by the accident of his rebellion, and have left their plows, anvils, and birth in a land of liberty; but it is the prerogative of genius to triumph over obstacles and difficulties, and he is to be congratulated npon a course of events which has enabled him to manifest a slavish subserviency to power which the creatures of Louis Napoleon may contemplate with admiration and despair.11

We may add that Mr. Doolittle has not always manifested this slavish disposition or expressed these abject viewe. Nor were his volunteer their services. Their country has better days very long ago. In a speech delivered in the Senate on the 2d of May, 1862, he ed. Like the guests bidden to the wedding of

Sir, I repeat that never before in this body, nor in any legislative hody the sun ever shone upon, were there graver questions raised than these. And yet, under all this responsibility, there are gentlemen who, in their eagerness to press this measure to a vote, smile at constitutional scruples and responsibilities. Sir, I am not one of those; I confess that I can join fully in the language of my colleague, and say, when I am pressed to act npon questions involving such great responsibilities, that I do so with a sense of apprehension—not the fear of any man here or elsewhere, for I Sir, I repeat that never before in this body, the fear of any man here or elsewhere, for 1 know no master on earth, but the fear that in the presence of that God before whom 1 have taken an oath to support the Constitution, I may be pressed under the excitement of a draft. Let those who are invited to the

supremacy in every State—everywhere, from Maine to Texas. To maintain that supremacy, we send our sons to the battle-field, we stake all we have and all we are; and I shoull regard myself wanting in manhood, as cowardly shrinking from the performance of my duty, if, while my sons and my countrymen are in the field fighting the enemy, meeting danger and death in every form, I should not stand here for the defence of the Constitution by every power God has given me, let it he

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL a y branch of it, if Congress, or the Executive, or the Supreme Court, shall undertake to orertnm its provisions and to tramole under to the people by it, it is just as much an at-tempt at revolution and rebellion as when the men in the insurrectionary States undertake to trample under their feet the powers which by it are given to this Government. Either is revolution; and, if either succeeds, it is an end to onr whole system of republican govern-COMMISSION MERCHANTS, end to onr whole system of republican government. It the doctrine shall once prevail and be acquiesced in by this Government and by the people of the United States that the Constitution can be overborne, that this Federal Government can usurp powers which are not delegated, but are expressly reserved to the States, the days of this Republic are already passed; the days of the empire have begun; we are preparing to re-enact, on perhaps a grander scale, the history of the decline and fall of the empire of Rome. "The maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusive-

tions according to its own judgment exclusive-ly, is essetial to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depend." Without that, they cease to be States at all, and the Federal Gov-

ernment becomes one vast consolidated empire. This was as true in the beginning as it

eassion of this honr shall heed it or trample it

higher and above itself, at the discretion or ca-price of the President or Congress, or both to-gether, is a heresy as fatal to free government and as full of all evil as the whisperings of Satan to Eve in the garden of Eden. No, sir,

no. The Constitution is just as much above martial law as it is above civil law. From it

alone are derived all the powers of the Gov-

ernment, and under it alone can they be exer

The spirit here manifested and the views

expressed are such as befit a patriot, a states-

Our laws, both state and national, re-

quire the enrolment of all persons liable to

militia service. Our State Guard law makes

it the duty of the assessors to prepare a list

annually of all persons liable to enrolment,

and the act of the last Congress imposes a

We do not seem to realize the fact of war

portions of the State where war exists in all its

horrors and destructiveness; they have felt

the necessity of taking up arms to put down the

indolent, too luxnrious, or too luke-warm to

entreated them spitefully, and slain them.

The parable of our Savior tells us that the

King then sent into the highways, gathered

and thus furnished the wedding with guests.

Onr constituted authorities have in like man-

to the necessary extent, they will send out

into the highways and obtain it by the agency

It is estimated that crinoline causes 75 deaths annually in London, and 750 deaths in the same time in Great Britain.—Boston Post.

But if crinoline, hy its attractions, en-

ables women to get married who would other-

wise remain old maids, it is probably the

means of adding more to the human race than

The abolition papers call for the send-

NOTICE. DEPOSITORS!!

TATIL FUETHER NOTICE, I WILL PAY SIX per cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and four per cent on those subject to ten days' netice of A. BLAND, Banker,

Southern Bank Notes

WANTED! Tennessee, South Carolina,

Louisiana BANK NOTES A. BLAND, Banker, WANTED by

GOLD WANTED

A. BLAND, Banker, Main st., near Feurth.

COOL ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR.

MILITARY HATS, CAPS, AND TRIMMINGS TO ORDER.

A large assortment of

MEN'S & BOYS' SOFT FELT HATS,

MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS

MINGS. on occasions of extreme danger to the State,

DRESS HATS twenty and over forty-five, and discriminates

"extreme danger." It seems strange, then, that in some quarters prejudices should exist F. H. HEGAN in relation to the Conscription Law as it has Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer In French & American Window-Glass. been popularly termed. Resistance to that Wall-Paper, Looking-Glasses, Photograph and Ambrotype

Materiale.

EParticular attention is called to my assortment of fine Eagravings, colored and uncolored, to which I am constantly adding the newest and best publications as they are issued by the first publishing houses of Europe and America. a draft, when the public safety requires it, and we are free to say that we have wondered why it was delayed so long, when our State has been so repeatedly subjected to marauding incursions. The recent affairs at Mays-

points, admonish us that Kentucky has been in JAMES E. TYLER & CO., excusably illatory in preparing for the defence Stock, Bill, and Exchange Brokers, of her citizens. Every county should be thor-Office No. 411 Main street, Lonisville, Ky. oughly organized, and we hope soon to learn

> And Orders for Certificates. WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET Price for QUARTERMASTERS and COMMISSABY VOUCHERS and CHECKS.

S. DeWITT. MILITARY SADDLERY HARNESS AND TRUNK

Manufacturer, 204 Third street, one danr south of Main,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Having commenced anew the above business, I would be pleased to have my old friends and cus-cemers call and see me, also Military men who have traded with me the past two years at Mr. O. PROAL'S. S. DeWITT.

Headquarters Act'g Ass't Provost Marshal General for the State of Kentucky, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, Major W. H. SIDELL, U. S. Army, Business communications will be addressed accordingly. The office is an soath side of Walnut street Lotween First and Second streets.

A POY TO TRAVEL WITH AN EXHIBITION Apply of the United States Hotel. Inquire for 122 die

WILL BE SOLD THIS (MONDAY) MORN-ING, June 22, at, the Court Honse door, at 11 of the court Honse door, and years old. She is a good cook, washer, and irone: perfectly sound and healthy. Sold because the cwner has more than he has use for.

NAZARETH ACADEMY. THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION AND DISTRI-lution of Diplomas and Premiums will take place on Thursday, the 25th inst. The exercises will com-mence at 8 o clock A. M j22 d3\*

Indiana Farm for Salo,

U. S. Marshal's Sale. DY VIRTUE OF VENDTION EXPONAS No. 122, One of the undersigned wil, on Wednesday, June 4, 1883, about the hour of 10 o'clock A. M, at the atable of Messrs. Davis & Bacou, ou Jefferson atreet, hetween Third and Fourth atreets, sell at auctiou, for cash, to the highest bidder.

One Bay Mare, 5 years old, 14 hands 2 inches high.

Just Received at

817 Fourth street. LOUISVILLE, KY.

300 Musketo Bars, all colors: 100 pcs Musketo Netting, all colors: 500 Sun Umbrellas, in blue, green. black, and brown.

Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Hosiery Gloves, Embroideries, and White Goods at very low prices. An immense stock of new Dress Goods, including 50 different styles, at greatly reduced prices.

S. BARKER & CO.

U. S. Internal Revenue. ANNUAL ASSESSMENT.

3d District of Kentucky. ASSESSOR'S NOTICE. may be practicable. The taxes now to be assessed are as follows: FIRST-LICENSES.

Ali persoas required by law to take out license for SECOND-ARTICLES IN SCHEDULE A. Chrringes and Buggles, Silverware exceeding forty za., Billiard Tables, and Gold Plate will now be as seed for the year commencing 1st May, 1863, and ex-fring 1st May, 1864. The brist assessment was for the ear ending 1st May, 1863.

nired.

For the 1st, 2d, 3d, 10th, and 11th wards the office will se at Stone's carriage factory, Main street.

For the 4th and 5th wards, No. 325 Jefferson street, cuth side, between Third and Fourth.

For the 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th wards, at Gad Chapln's, orner Highth and Market streets.

The following is a list of the Assistant Assessors of his District: is District: James M. Thurman, 1st division, 1st, 10th, and 11th

S. F. Barth, 2d division; 2d ward.
D. Stone, 3d division; 3d ward.
D. Stone, 3d division; 3d ward.
D. Stone, 3d division; 3d ward.
Ury T. Martin, 5th division; 4th ward.
Ury T. Martin, 5th division; 5th ward.
In M. Vetter, 6th division; 6th ward.
In M. Vetter, 6th division; 6th ward.
In Martin, 8th division; 8th nad 9th wards.
I. F. Rankin, 9th division; 16th green county.
J. Owens, 1nth division; 16th green county.
I. Byars, 11th division; 8th by county.
Sch H. McKay, 12th division; Nelson county.
In H. Stewart, 13th division; 11ardiu and Larue ties.

unties. John J. Doughes, 14th division; Mende ceuuty. Allen T. Buckler, 15th division; Marion county. I Luvid H. Spears, 16th division; Washingtoa county O. C. Egbert, 17th divisiou; Auderson and Merco nuties John B. Swan, 18th division; Bullitt county.

Jos. B. Carico, 19th division; Swan, 18th divis B. Carico, 19th division; Spencer county. S. Wells, 20th division; Oldham county. EDGAR NEEDHAM, Assessor Third District Keatucl

Fublic Sale of Land, Negroes, and Personal Property. AS TRUSTERS of SANDFORD THOMSON, under a conveyaace from him for
the benefit of his creditors, the undersigned will sall at public auctioa, on tha
premises, on Wcdaesday, the 18th day of July, 1863,
5.31 ACRES OF LAND,
situated on the waters of Stoner Creek, in Clarke
county, Ky., all in good repair, well watered, well
fenced, in a good state of cultivation, having a good
dwelling honeo, and in a desirable neighborhood.
Also, at the same time and place, we will sell
101 ACRIS OF LAND
lying in Montgomery county, on the waters of Lulbe-

Farming Implements, and Housebold and Kitchen Fundium.

TERMS of Sale—The Land will be sold on a credit of non and two years, the notes hearing laterest from late; the Negroes and Personal Property on a credit of four months, the notes hearing interest from date. The purchaser will be required to give us doubted security for the purchase money below the property is removed. A lien will be retained noon the land for

Arise Kentuckians! DEFEND YOUR HOMES.

her citizens.

Avold the conscription, preserve the ancient remown of Kentucky. Let it not be recorded in history that Kentuckians had to be cocreed to defend their wives, their oblidiren, their aged parents, and their hemes.

Pay from \$13 to \$20 per morth. No sicket or vedette duty. Transportation, subsidence, and clothing furnished from date of calistment. One month's pay radvancs. Recruiting readezyous on south slide of history below first street. Louisville, Ky.

JOHN J. HAWES, Captain.

GEO. W. SMALL.

Brussels Carpets; Three-ply Carpets; Two-ply Carpets; Hemp Carpets; Cotton Towels, Napkins, and Dollies: Bunting for Flags;

Cotton Duck, &c.

these Goods are all new, and will be sold at the lowmarket price for CASH ONLY.

GEO. W. SMALL.

327 Main street, between Third and Fourth,
3 deors west of the Bank of Louisville.

tion.

This Tax must be paid before the lst of July. All parties failing to par will be placed upon the delinguent list and lay themselves liable to the penalties of the law.

FLOUR-FLOUR-FLOUR. BBLS Choice Family Flour, Graad View Mills;

200 Extra Model

100 Troy

130 " " Troy

130 " " Blue River "

100 " " Unlon"

HIBBITT & SON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, FLOUR and TEA STORE, No. 233 Market street, between 192 TXTRA FAMILY FLOUR-200 hhis Extra Family
Flour, various brands, for sale by
HIRBITT & SON.

RINE SUGARS-Crushed, Grauulated, Powdered, Bud A. Soft (Pushed (for preserving), also fine old N. O. Sugars on hand and for sale by 122 HIBBITT & SON. WOODEN WARE-Cedar Buckets and Churus, Keeters, Painted Buckets and Thus, Wash-Boards, Market Easkets, &c., for sale by j22 HIBBITT & SON. CTAGG'S HAMS-200 Stagg Hams for sale by HIBBITT & SON. BIGEAKFAST BACON-1,000 lbs sugar-cured Sides, choice and fiae, for sale by HIBBITT & SON.

Wanted, A N FX PERIENCED NURSE, ALSO A HOUSE SERVANT, either white or colored. Apply at No. 122 Main street. Market Street Lots for Sale.

MY WIFE, OLIVIA CUSSMAN, DESERTED MY Led and board on the 4th that, without assigning

INSURANCE!

Mutual Life Insurance Company OF NEW YORK. Cash Fund belanging to the Members Insured - - - 39,000,009.

All the profits are divided on the initial system every five years among the members inenned. Next quinquennial dividend, February 1, 1863.

The husiness of this Company is conducted excinitely on the Cash plum. No notes whatever are received for premiums, or paid back on claims for losses, FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
ISAAC ABBATT, Secretary.
SMEIPARD HOMANS, Actuary.
DB. E. O. Hawerr, Medical Examiner, Lunisvilla.
Wor Bishs 5 per cent additional to genal rates.

Continental Insurance Company, NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - \$1,250,009. Three fourths of the prefits returned annually to the Policy holders i GEO. T. HOPE, President.
II. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.
UYRUS PECK, Assistant Sec'y.

North American Fire Insurance Co. NEW YORK OITY.
ORGANISED IN 1828. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - 8300,000.

JAS. W. OTIS, President.
B. W. BLEECKEB, Secretary. Three fourths of the profits returned annually the Policy holders.

Cash Capital and Surpins - - 3250,000.

WM. A. COBB, President,
JAS. M. BANKIN, Scoretary. La Fayette Fire Insurance Company, No. 14, WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$175,000. T. J. BERGEN, President. JAS. B. THOMPSON, JR., Secretary.

Fulton Fire Insurance Company,

Home Insurance Company, NEW HAVEN, CONN. Oash Capital and Surplus - - - 8300,000.

D. R. SATTERLEE, President, CHAS. WILSON, Secretary. Three fourths of the profits are returned annually to the Policy holders.

Washington Insurance Company, 

Three fourths of the profits are returned annually to the policy-helders. to the policy-helders.

As the anthorized Agent of the above named safe, reliable, and justly popular Companies, Innarances will be taken on Lives and Property at equitable rates, and will make prompt and satisfactory settlements of losses. As the division of an Insurance risk among several Companies is regarded as safer and more prudent than a large ament in any ona Company, I would respectfully solicit a portion of the busiaces of my friende and the public.

B. D. KENNEDY, Insurance Ageat.

OFFICE NO. 413 Blaiu street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, in Dnianey's huilding, over D. C'Hare'a Trank Store.

Now being received and for sale at

Reduced Prices D.P.FAULDS,

223 Malu st., bet. Seenud and Third. IMPORTANT NOTICE.

J. M. ARMSTRONG ON MAIN, OPPOSITE THE NATIONAL, Has now in store a most elegant stock of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, For which orders are solicited.

THE GREAT WESTERN Sorgum Sugar Mill. FARMERS AND MERCHANTS, ALLATOUR FOUNDERY, SOUTH SIDE Main street, between Twellth and Teirteenth, and a this Mill, which we do not hesitate to say will ye better satisfaction and has more points of experience.

ALL OTHER MILLS COMBINED. This mill is heavier than other mills of the same size, and the extra weight is placed at points so as to prevent the possibility of hreakage, and all the hrass journal-boxes can be taken ont, cleaned, repaired, oiled, &c., and replaced without the least trouble of taking the mill to pieces (as is the case with all other mills which have not this improvement). The implicity and ucataess, combined with strength, speaks for titsell. And all who have meed this mild on on thesi tate in eaying it is the best mill is use.

For full particulars address.

PEARSON & AIKIN,

Main street, between Twelth and Thirteenth.

jn20 d3m

LOUISV LLE, KY.

ARMY HATS. BUBNSIDE'S BEGULATION; PATENT ARMY HAT;

MILITARY CAPS, new style; IIAT AND CAP TRIMMINGS; WM. F. OSBORN'S, 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third. FINE FELT HATS, air colors; DRESS HAT3, best quality; NEW STYLE CASSIMERE HAT;

CHILDREN'S HATS; HATS AND CAPS of overy grade at WM. F. OSBORN'S. Louisville and Portland Railroad Co. FOR THE CONVEYANCE AND ACcommodation of our Portland friends who intend to attend the Concert of Miss warfe DeRoode at Masoaic Temple on Will short from corner Fourth and Main streets at 10% o'clock at night for Tweith street, and TWO EXTRA OASS

From Twelfth street at 11 o'clock et night for Portland

Fare nanitered. j2) d2 Wanted to Purchase for Cash,
A DWELLING IN A CENTRAL LO

PRIVATE BOARD No. 8I North Market street, hetween Louisville and Nashville Depot, and Public Square. Nashville, Tonn.

PERSONS VISITING NASHVILLE WILL FIND Peasant rooms and a table with the heat the market affords at reasourhle rates.

BBS, M. A. PATRICK. FOR SALE,

83 FEET FRONT, 200 FEET DEEP, ON THIBD street, south of York street. Inquire of WEBB & LEVERING, Main st., near Third. J19 ecd16\* TURPENTINE-250 galls Spirits Turpsatine for salt by B. A. ROBINSON & CO., 215 Majust. 120 d6&w2 A LCOHOL-30 bbls Alcohol, 76 and 98 per cent, for j20 668 w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. WINDOW-GLASS-1,000 boxes Wiadow-Glass, as-graded sizes, for sale by j20 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO

FROM MY RESIDENCE, BETWEEN THE Taylorsville and Shelbyville pikes, 6 milles from the city, on the night of the lots, a DARK BAY MARK, well-built, 4 years old, 16 hands ligh, no marks except a little cut la coruer oi ist eye and a small piece of skin off in the hollow behind tront of hip, left side. A reward oi ten dollars will be paid tor her return to me.

Wanted-Wanted,

BOARDING ATE FAMILY, WITH SEVERAL

For Sale,

A FARM containing 265 acrea river bottom—150 acrea cleared—good improve—1111 meuts, lumedintely on the thio River, in five miles below Hawesvillo, Ky. A very questrable place and offered extremely low. Apply to WM. G. GRAY, j16 dt2\*

Corner of Jessersonand Third at.

BOARDING,

THE NEW ENGLAND

Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle.

NET ACCUMULATION exceeding \$2,000,000, and increasing, for the benufit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously

LOUISVILLE BEFEBENCES.

AUGUST ELECTION.

Hon. W. F. Bullock,
B. Burge, Esq.,
A. Rawson, Esq.,
D. P. Faulds, Esq.,
George Davis, Esq.

ested.
he husiness conducted exclusively for the benefit

The instructions insured.

The greatest risk taken on a life **\$15,000**.

The greatest risk taken on a life **\$15,000**.

Burplus distributed among the members every fifth ear, from December 1, 1843—settled in each or by additional statement of the control of the year, from December 1, 1819—1994 the Legg 5; or square tion to policy.

Premiums that be paid quarterly, semi-annually, or shunally; or one half of the first five annual prami ums on Life Pulicies loaned to the insured, if desired BENJAMIN F. STRYENS, Socretary. Forms of Application, reports, and interesting doc-ments of the Company will be furnished, and any spired information given by the Agent.

Shelby Farm for Sale.

THE UNDESIGNED, AS AGENT,
offers a fine Farm, coataising 155 acres,
within one mile of the town af Shelbyville, Ky. The farm is in a high state of
cultivation at the present time, and situated on a nicetment of fruit. It is one of the heat timhered farms in
the county, Also asver-failing water, with a number of
fine ponds. The tarm can be bought on reasonable
terms, as the owner has determined to loave the county. Apply to the undersigned, at Shelbyville, Ky.,
who will take pleasure in showing the farm to those
whishing to purchase,
jl2 d2m

F. NEEL, Agent. J. L. DANKORTHI, Agent.
Office in Newcomb's building, northwest corner
Main and Ballitt streets; entrance on Bullitt street,
augl2 deedly FOR CONGRESS.

N. COWCILL, of Faiton county, is a candidate to represent the First District in the next U. S House of Representatives.

FOR SALE—A WELL-IMPROVED
FARM, of 126 acres—good land—good hulldings—on Muddy Fork, one mile west of the Slate Cut, on the Jeffersoa-Ville K. R. Will sell for cash for \$3,500.
Also 110 ACRES or 140 ACRES of 1 MPROVED LAND, two miles west of Memphis, Indiana.
Also a good HOUSE and LOT and a VAOANT LOT in Henryville, Indiana. WM. H. RANDALL, of Laurel county, is the Union caudidate for Congress from the Eighth District. in Henryville, Indiana. Top particuling Inquire, personally or by letter, of John D. Carr, Memphis, or of E. B. Guernsey, Henry-rille, Ind. m28 dlm

For Salo,

THE LARGE AND WELL-BEILT BESIDENCE of Mrs. N. Hardy, sitaated on the cast side of Second, between Green and Walnut Streets. For terms, &c., apply to J.E., HARDY, At J. G. Dodge & Co's, m23 dtf No. 325 W Main, bet. Third & Fourth sts.

For Sale,

A NY OF TEN HOUSES AND LOTS, OF DIFFERest qualities and locations, in Lonisville; a farm
of 177 acres, 20 miles from Louisville, on the air line to
Frankfort, Ky., for sale or reat. Apply at No. 335
Third street, 100 yards south of Louisville Postoffice.
m25 dtf For Sale--Brick Houses and Building Lots. A BBICK HOUSE with 12 rooms; Lot 30% by #35 feet; east side Second street, hetween Walnnt and Chestaut streets.
A LOT, 40 by 195 feet, north side Main street, between Eixteenth and Seventeenth streets.
A LOT, 94% by 200 feet, south side Jofferson street, between Eixteenth and Nineteenth streets.
A LOT, 120 hy 240 feet, east side Fourth street, between York and Brecklaridge streets.
The last two will be divided if required.
For terms, apply to
Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE.

Por Sale,

3,400 ACRES FINE FARMING LANDS, IN
of the Logansport and Peoria Balirond, and in Pulaski,
White, and Starke counties, Indiana, on the Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago Italirond.

WALTER MANN,
At the State Bank, New Albany, Ind.
N. B.—The above lands, except one or two gmall parcels, are within four miles of rallroad stations, and a
inge part of them within a mile or two.

For Salo Cheap:

200 FEET OF GROUND on First street, between Main street and the wharf;
100 FEET OF GROUND on Water street, between First and Second streets;
100 FEET OF GBOUND ou Snead street, between
Washington street and the wharf.
HENBY L. POPE,
12 dtf At the Mechanics' Eask.

NOTICE.

THEE EXAMINATION OF TRACHERS FOR THE
Ward Schools will take place on the 29th and 30th
of June and let of July at the Femals High School.
Applicant desiring cards of admission will call at
my office, at the Femals High School, end procure them previous to the examination.

jl6 d12

J. P. GHELN, Sec'y B. T. P. S. REMOVAL. **BOURLIER & COCHRAN** 

Have removed to the large New Store,

No. 215 Fifth street, nearly opposite their old stand. Where, with Incressed facilities, they will continue theep on hand a large stock of everything in their line TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WARE Cooking and Heating Stoves,

Plated and Britannia Ware, Housekeepers' Hardware; French & English Japanned, Enam elled, and Pressed Ware; Refrigerators and Water Coolers: Which they offer at reasonable prices for cash.

Particular attention paid to ROOFING, SPOUTING,
GUTTLEING, and all kinds of out-door work.

MAD. D. RUHL, MILITARY GOODS.

PRESENTATION SWORDS: STAFF, LINE, AND, MEDICAL SWOBDS; CAVALRY SABRES: FENCING FOILS, &c.; EMBROIDERED SHOULDER-STRAPS; EPAULETTES; SWORD BELTS; SASHES; SWORD KNOTS; CHEVRONS; WORSTED BRAIDS; BUTTONS. &c.

LATEST STYLES OF LADIES' DRESS AND MANTILLA TRIMMINGS. Orders attended to promptly.

AIAD. D. RUIII.,

No. 227 Fourth st., next door to Mozart Hall,
jul7 d3m Louisville. Ky.

reets; t on Chestnut, between Floyd and Preston streets;
20 feet on Gray, between Floyd and Presion streets;
30 feet on Gray, between First and Second streets;
22 feet on corner of Ninth and Orasby streets;
all graded and paved ready for improvement. Apply
to
WM. G. GRAY,
j16 d12\*
Corner of Jefferson and Third, EOURBON WHISKEY.

Wanted to Hire.

FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, A GOOD washer and Ironer, a good House Girl and Nurse, either white or colored. Address Drawer No. 124, but swille Pest-office.

For Sale.

THE SHOP KNOWN AS "LOUISVILLE WHEELnue, near Seveateenth street. Attached to this Shop
is a liae boiler, 20 feet loag by 42 inches ia diameter,
with a double cyliader spright rongine, 25 horse power.
The ground will be sold or leased with this buildings
and machinery. Apply to Mr. Fletcher at the Corn
Mill on High street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth atteets, or to
j.T. R. PIRTLE,
j15d12\* Seventh st., het. Grayson and Walnut. GEO. II. YEAMAN, SAM'L T. WILLIAMS,

The Court of Claims AT WASHINGTON NOTICE.

The Examination of dealers to the above goods, which we wish to close on timmediately.

The Male and Female High School, will he held on the 22d, 22d, and 24th of Juse, as the respective High School, and the same, with the addition of Algebra, for the Male High School, and the same, with the addition of Algebra, for the Male High School.

The male applicants dealering carries of admission.

AT WASHINGTON

TAS JURISDICTION OF CLAIMS ACAINST the Overenment witbout pay.

AS JURISDICTION OF CLAIMS ACAINST the Overenment on any Contract, express or implied for services rendered the Government, in unay Contract, express or implied for services rendered the Government witbout pay.

All claims rejected by Paymasters, Quartermasters, and the Commissary Department on account of insufficiency of Certificates, Receipts, Contracts, or other vouchers, and all claims for property taken for the use of the Army witbout writtee evidence may be prosecuted in that Court.

We will attend to the prosecution and collection of all such Claims. Mr. Williams is resident in Washington Mr. Yearn will list or of the Court commences on the prosecution and collection of all such Claims. Mr. Williams is resident in Washington Mr. Yearn will list or of the Army without writtee evidence may be prosecuted in that Court.

We will attend to the prosecution and collection of the rame will attend to the prosecution and collection of the rame will be a commission of the army without writtee evidence may be prosecuted in that Court.

We will attend to the route Cammaster of YEAMAN & WILLIAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
Washington, D. O. jn19 d7

in them.

The female applicants will obtain cards on the TWENTY THOUSAND MORE: 50th Regiment Kentucky Volunteers. TO ARMS, AENTUCKIANS, TO ARMS!
The conscription will soon be enforced?
You must now enlist as 12 mouths' men for the defence of Kentucky and service in tha State or be draited into the U. S service for 3 years.
Recruits enlisting at this office are sent immediately into camp at Estituence, where they are well provided for and drilled under Col. II. M. Buckioy, commanding regiment.

> FLY-KILLER Supplies a want felt by every good honadkeeper. Every sheet will kill a quart water flies are thick. Bemember that it is DUTCHER'S that does this, and reluse the base imitations that are offered. The real article is for a le by all respectable funggists.
>
> J15 dis&wsw LEO'N, PETER, & CO the Louisville, Wholesale Ag'ts.

STAGG'S S. C. IIAM - 500 Stagg's sugar-cured Ilams in atore and tor sale by j18 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market at, De ville; Series of the English of the Series InstiBreakfast BACON-2,000 ibs choice sugar-cured
Breakfast Bacon just received and for sale by
113 de DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st. R NGLISH DAIRY CHEESE-50 hoxes choice old English Dairy Cheese in store and for sale by 1886 DOW & BURKHARDT, 407 Market st.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For Sale—Valuable City and Country
Property and Bank Stock.

156 Act SLE OF LAND on the Other river, near
25 Act SLE AND in Bulleting, on Elsyonth street extended, neeth of Thompson's Garden.

PART OF THE OAK LAND in Bulleting the
Oaklead House, with 5 or 10 acres of land.

4 ACERS (subdivided as the coraer of Koutneky
and Almin streets.

LARGE STORE-HOUSE an the west side of Scond

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A CERS (subdivided as the coraer of Koutneky
and Almin streets.

A DWELLING-HOUSE

A CERS (SIGN STORE)

AND STATIONARY

AND STATI

The Largest and Safest Speculation WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AN ENTERPRIS-tral and South Anerica and Sandwich Islands on a speculation that will pay \$100,000. This is a rare op-portunity offered by one familiar with the countries proposed to visit. For particulars address W. R. L., Box 1,206, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED (ENITTING MACHINE), RARMERS, VOLUNTEERS. AND OTHERS TO know that their "wemen folks" can earn \$5 to \$12 per week with one of Akin's Celebrated Knitting Machines. It will carn its cost in thirty days. Price, complete, \$50. Weight 45 pounds. Freight from 56 cents to \$1 50. Send for sircular and samples (send tarmes)

Dopot Quartermaster's Offico,

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 16, 1863.

STALED PROPOSALS WILL BE BECEIVED mitil 12 M. on June 20 for furnishing the following supplies, which must be delivered at Louisville, Ky. Iree of charge for packages or freight and ready for shipment. e but ioyal parties need apply, and the eath of ance prescribed by Congress will be required of

ARTICLES REQUIRED: 500 (five hundred) Carriage Bolts, 3x5-15; 500 (five hundred) " 3x ½; 500 (five hundred) " ½½x5-16; 500 (five hundred) " 3½x3-16; 33½x3-16 by 1 in. Ovei Iron; by 1 in.

forty) bundles % Inch Hoop Iron;

DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND CEDRON BITTERS. The Latest and Most Important Discovery of the 19th Century.

No MAN'S NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY CONnected with the history of the Martin Media.

DYSPEPSIA.

Cedron Bitters One trial and you will never use any others.

It is not mecessary to publish a long list of diseases
for which the Codron Bitters are a specific. for which the Codron Bitters are a specific.
In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS,
LIVER, OR KIDNEYS;
In all affections of the BRAIN DRPENDING
UPON DERANGEMENT OF THE STOMALL OR HUWELS;
In GOUT, RHEUMATISM, AND NEURAL-

FLETCHER & BENNETT, 421 Main street. SILVER AND GOLD WATCHES: Fashionable Jewelry; Fine Diamonds; Solid Silver

Officers' Equipments. LINE AND STAFF SWORDS, CAVALRY SABRES, BELTS, SASHES, PASSANTS. PRESENTATION SWORDS.

Harness,

and Trunk EMPORIUM. HAVE ON HAND AND MAKE STRICTLY TO order all kinds of Military Equipments and Generally, Ladles', Boye', and Race Seddles', Coach, pggy, Omnibue, and Wagon Harness of all kinds', ridles, Whips, Spurs, Horse Covers, Saddle Blankets, runks, Vallers, together with all kinds of Boods usaty found in a first class homa.

tyle.

By strict attention to hasiness I bope to merit an I
By strict attention to have needed this old and fac-etain not only the old patronage of this old and fa-orably known house, but to add many new customers.

J. M. MYERS, Successor to C. Pacal, 217 Third et , between Main and Market. I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY SADDLERY Establishment, 27 Third street, to Mr. J. M. Mr-ERS, and hereby take pleasure in recommending him to my lorner patrons. (Signed) C. PROAL. Lonisville, March 26, 1863. jal6 dly

NEW MILLINERY STORE.

all that could be found, both bad and good, ner asked voluntary aid, and, if it is not given of the moment, when passion rules the hour, to trample it under my feet.

Mr. President, we are in arms to-day, we are at war, for what? It is for this very Constitution; to maintain, protect, and defend its otherwise conscription in our State will be

fear I have is that I may not defend it as I

BEST QUALITY OF PITTSEURG COAL AT TEX OOAL AT THE COOL A tennel lower rates brook. Also BEAOR BOTTOM OOAL AT mach price. Also BEAOR BOTTOM J. N. KELLOGG, Accast, sepal diet? Rear the corner of Third and Main.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,

AND BANKERS,
NO. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square,
NEW YORK.
WILLIAM WEIGHT. | April dawisty

No. 403 Main street.

Georgia, Alabama, and

I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET BATE LD

GREEN & GREEN,

LOUISVILLE, NASHVILLE, patriotic manliness is from partisan servility. Summer Soft Hats.

Shirts and Underwear

JUSTRECEIVED

Ali colors and qualities, and of the latest styles; also

similar duty npon Provost Marshals and their subordinate officers. Our state law provides that the Militia of the Reserve, consisting of MILITARY HATS, CAPS, & TRIM-

PRATHER & SMITH.

ney are issued by the new first black of the most ap-new fine first black is fitted with the most ap-rowed mackinery, and my laci ities nasurpassed for urnishing Gilt Frames, oval and square, of new und legant designs, at the lowest rates.

Special attention given to the iraming of Photo-graphs, Eagravings, &c.

mar9 dison ville, Elizabethtown, Mt. Sterling, and other

GOVERNMENT VOUCHERS

May distf JAMES E. TYLER & CO., No. 411 Main street, up stairs. Government Claims. WE ARE RUYING QUARTERMASTERS' AND COMMISSABY VOUCHERS and CHECKS at yory low rates. Holders will do well to call and see us TUCKER & CO., Bankers, Fourth st., 3 doors below Main.

there will snrely be a compulsory mode adopted to effect it through the agency of a draft. The great bulk of the volunteers now in

looms to aid in that good work. But in those more fortunate locations, which have escaped the desolating breath of Ate, we see the old routine of business going on as calmly and methodically as if we were at peace. A draft may become necessary to dispel this false secarity. It certainly will become necessary if this false security lasts. Then again there are persons who are too

called npon them, but they have not respondthe Klng's son, they have made light of it and gone their ways, one to his farm, another to his merchandise, while others have taken the servants of the King conveying the bidding,

> SAFE FOR SALE. A FIRE PROOF SAFE, 25 INCHES BY 31% INside measure, for sale. Has been in use only 25
> months. Apply to
> Lonlaville Iron Works,
> j22 d6
> Creen, bet. Second and Third.

120 ACRES, TWO MILES NORTH OF vienna, on the Jeffersonville R. R., and about one hundred yards from the road, 60 acres are cleared, and the rost good timber. The land lies high. There is a good log house and at necessary ludidings, a good well of water, and penut of stock water. A good orchard of hearing trees. Terms half cash and balance in one and two years. Apply to R. LYNCH.

172 deew2 Journal office.

Should.

Mr. President, that Constitution, let me say, is just as supreme in reserving powers. If this Gryernment, or conferring power, If this Gryernment power, If the first makes and first has been dead the first that, white set, cloud lively. If the first message in the first set, cloud lively in the set of the s

Also, at the same teach of LAND and all lying in Montgomery county, on the waters of Lulbegrud, well and heavily timbered. Also about Men, Women, and Children, of various ages, likely and valuable; all the personal property, consisting of 13 head of 2 year old Mules;
5 Work Minies. 12 yearling Mines; 7 Mule Colts;
20 head of Horses, all ages;
40 head of Chitle, all kinds;
Steck Hogs, and the Growing Crop of about 120 acres of Corn and 20 acres of Oa's, and lets will be reserved to feed the crop on. Also some Turpike Steck in the Winchester and Mt. Sterling Hoad Steck in the Ashland City property to the amount of about \$10,990, I arming Implements, and Household and Kitchen Funiture.

New Goods! New Goods!

Linen Sheeting, 6-4, 8-4, 11-4, & 12-4:

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE,
TRIBU DISTRICT STATE OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, June 20, 1353. Collector's Notice. MANUFACTURERS, BUTCHERS, AND OTHERS been made are bereby notified that the assessment of Taxes have the mode are bereby notified that the assessment for the moath of May has been returned to me for collec-

22 4 Fine Flour; For sale low to close consign vehice represents at vehicles; No. 140 Wall or Fourth st.

LAID AND RACON—
I of kegs prime country Leaf Lard;
25 bbls do do do;
Country Hams, Sides, and Shoulders; for sale by
j22 HIBBITT & SON.

JOFFER, ON 1-EASONABLE TREMS. TWO AD-joining Lots on the south side of Market street, be tween Brook and Floyd. Each Lut has a front of 17% feet and runs back 210 % et to an alley. Title Indisputable and price low. job d3\*

CLASSWARE-500 boxes Classware, assorted, for 120 d6&w2 R. A. RODINGOV I 1CORICE—20 cases Extract Licorice, best brands, for sale by 120 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. R. A. ROBINSON & CO. TONKA BEANS-750 lbs Touka Beans for sale by B. A. ROBINSON & CO. CASTOR OIL-10 bbls Castor Oil for sale by j.co d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. BOARDING I N A PRIVATE FAMILY, WITH PLEASANT rooms, within five minutes' walk of the Postoffice, can be had by addressing Z, Drawer No. 48, Louisvalle Postoffice.

CONTAINING 400 ACRES, ABOUT 160 acres under good fence and in cultivation, situated near the Ohio river, 30 miles below Louisville. Acceptable improved city property would be takes in part payment. Apply to or underes E. S. GRAHAM, 119 d5\* Rock Haves, via Oarnettsville, Ky. A STEADY, INDUSTRIOUS MAN TO WORK IN a vineyard and small fruit farm. To one who understands, the vine a permanent situation and good

In a PRIVATE FAMILY, WITH SEVER, on suplication at this office, location one of the mpleasant in the city. Among the rooms is a velant some suite of rooms. NOTICE TO BAKERS. 200 BBLS BELOIT CITY RYE FLOUR; 50 bbls Milwank e "160 bbls Green Bay " e "for sale hy jn19 dt1 JUL. DORN & CO., 428 Main st. SUNDRIES ON CONSIGNMENT-

Malt;
Vinegar;
Alcohol;
Nentral Spirita;
New Cepper Whiskey;
Pat, Bourton;
Dried App es;
Kentucky Tobacco;
Smcking Tobacco;
New and old raw Whiskey;
In store and for asle low by for alle low by
JUL. DORN & CO.,
423 Main street, north side,
hel. Fourth and Fifth sts. the inst, without assigning the absent, having entered a ersons from trusting her on the control of the control

m27 d&wte\* to congress from the Eighth District.

CAPT. WILLIAM J. HEADY is announced as a candidate for Congress in the 4th Congressional District, subject to the endorsement of a Union Democratic convention.

THE Hon. BOB. MALLOHY is a candidate for m23 d&wte FOR THE STATE SENATE. E are anthorized to anionince GIBSON MAL-LORY as a candidate for the State Senate in the ct composed of Jefferson county and the upper istrict composed or Joneson.

varies of the city.

A TOUNES is a candidate for the Stote Senate from
the counties of Hopkias, Webster, and Union. m19 die TAAC P. MILLER is a caadidate for re-election to the State Senate from the District composed of the conaty of Jefferson and First, Second, Tenth, and Eleveuth Wards of the city of Louisville, jis die DR. WM. M. ALLEN is a candidate. J12

VAPT, JOHN L. NEAL (9th Ky. Cav.), of S

county, is a caudidate to represent that come
e lower house of the next Legislature. j17 MARSHAL'S SALES. Marshal's Sale. A. Sweeny, etc.,

A. Sweeny, etc.,

Dy Ville Chancery Cort, rendered ie the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Moaday, Jane 22, 1863, aboat the honor of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months,

THE LOT OF CROUND, In Chancery. No. 17,366. THE LOT OF CROUND.

THE LOT OF CROUND.

In pleadings mentioned as the property of A Sweeny and Peter McVeigh, upon which is a Foundery and other in provements, hounded thus: Beginning at a point on the south side of Duncae street 180 feet west o' Fourteenth street, thence with Duncan street westwardly eliet, thence southwardly 195 feet to a 31-foot alley, thence castwardly with said alley 80 feet, thence northwardly 195 feet to the heginning.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing laterest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOS. A. MONIGAN. M. L. C. o.

JIS did N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. Marshal's Sale. Northern Bank of Kontneky against Crntchfiald, Cooper, & Co. Same against Watkias, Huat, & Co. Same against E. Crutchfield, &c.

Same against Walkins, Huat, & Co.
Same against & Crutchfield, &c.
Bank of Kennicky against same.
Bank of Kennicky against same.
Same agaisst Crutchfield, Cooper, & Co.
The Mechanics Bank against Bea, J. Adams, &c.
Same agaiest Crutchfield, Cooper, & Co.
Fame against E. Crutchfield, &c.
Henry L. Pope against Walker & Crutchfield,
Same against E. Crutchfield, &c.
Manoric Tenple Co. against E. Crutchfield,
T. B. Branham's Adm'r against same.
B. Barker & Co. against same.
D. P. Hiter against Crutchfield,
D. P. Hiter against Crutchfield,
II. L. Pope and W. H. Walker against E. Crutchfield,
II. L. Pope and W. H. Walker against E. Crutchfield,
T. Y. VITTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOU II. L. Pope and W. II. Walker against E. Crutch feld.

New York of the Court, rendered in the above cause, the nedersigned, or one of as, will, on Monday, June 22, 1853, about the hour of 41 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courtenave door, in the city of Louisville, ou a credit of 6, 12, 18, 24, 38 and 36 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property attached hereia, viz:

The undivided tourth of the Pork-Honse property of Hnil, Hunt, & Co., as conveyed to B. J. Adams by W. S. Haat, etc., by deed recorded in book No. 107, paga 645, situate on the east side of Bardstown Turapike road, and including a Lot 30 feet front and rear on the north side of the Work-house road, and extending back to Beargrams creek. north side of the Work-house road, and extending back to Beargrass creek.

Also the Lot on the north side of Jefferson street conveyed to detendant Crutchfield by B. J. Adams by deed recorded in book No. 109, page 312.

The undivided one half of the Lot described in the deed from E. Crutchfield to B. J. Adams, recorded in book No. 103, page 178, fronting 293½ feet on the sonth side of Broadway, bounded on the east by Campbell's property, on the south by the Hampton property, and on the west by property to underly beloughing to Doherty's heirs. This lot may be sold entire or may be suhdivided late perceis to suit purchasers if decuned expedient. The Lot froating 105 feet on Base Laus by 155 feet The Lot froatiag 105 feet on Base Laus by 155 feet deep.

The laterest of Ed. Crutchfield in Lots 53, 69, and 60 on Hie's plan or map, and the four Houses thereon, situated on the west side of First street, hot ween Washington and Water streote, trouting on First street 72 leet, and extending back of same width 96 feet, and bought by Crutchfield and B. S. Griffin, being the same of which three nadivided fourths are herein ordered to be centwyed to H. L. Pope and W. H. Walker Two Lots heejin ing on the east side of Second street 102 leet 9 inches south of Water street, thouse south of water street, thouse south with Second street 48 leet, and extending back eastwardly 8-mg width 90 feet to a 10-loot alley, and known as Lots Nos. 10 and H on Hite & Omaby's map of equare. Each lot fronts 24 leet and has a three-story brick house on it.

Two Lots beginning on the west side of Sacond street 102 leet 9 inches routh of Water street, thence suth with Snead street 48 leet, and extending back westwardly same width 90 feet to a 10 toot alley, and known as Lots Nos. 25 and 27 on same map. Each lot frouts 24 feet and has a four story brick house oa it.

A House and Lot beginn up on the west side of First street 58 leet north of Gray street, theuse unorthwardly with First street 45 feet 9 laches, and running back same width 140 feet to a 10-foot alley private), and conveyed to defeadant Crutchfield by W. T. Weaver by deeds recorded in book No. 55, page 320, and No 90, page 598.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with ap-

psge 598.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing laterest from date until pad, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOS. A. MOBGAN, M. L. O. C.

jié dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. Marshal's Salo. John B. Bibh
agaisst
James Stewart, etc..

PY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISville Chancery Court, rendered is the above cause,
the uadersigued, or one of us, will, os Mouday,
June 22, 18/3, about the heur of II eclock, A. M.,
sell, at public auction, to the highest hidder, at the
Court-house deer, in the city of Louisville, on a credit
of 6 and 12 mouths, so much as may be necessary
to satisfy the decree hereln of the property in pleadings mentioued, vlz:
A LOT OF LAND
In said city, on the southeast cornor of Campbell
and Fourth street extended, fronting ou Campbell
street 70 feet by 200 feet deep to a 20-toot niley.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with
approved security, bearing interest from date until
paid, and a fion will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. O. O.
N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. John B. Bibh

Wanted,
A SITUATION AS CLERK OR BOOK-KEEPER.
Good reference given if required. Address J. F.
W., Drawer 183, P.O. 11943° NOTA BENE. Loyal National League. CUT THIS OUT AND SAVE IT, CHAPTERS OF THE ABOVE ORGANIZATION CHAPTERS OF THE ADDITIONAL APPROVED INSIGNAL.

CHARGES—Medals struck in Silver, \$36 per dozen;

in Copper plated, \$12 pr doz. Samples forwarded by mail on receipt of \$1.

Associations are respectfully requested to remit for the goods or notify against whom I can draw in this city in the fulfilling of contracts. For further information address

B. ROMAINE GAUL.

77 Cedarat, Reom 21,

117 d6

New York Otty.

CONSIGNMENTS.
WE HAVE CONSIGNMENTS OF THE FOLLOWling goods, which we are directed to close out for
account of owners: Soda, Lee's bread, Il. L. P. & Co.; Indigo in 2 and 3 lh hoxes; Claret Wise, St. Estephe and La Rosa; Sparkling Catawba in pts and qus; Virginia Tobacco (only a tew boxes); Kentucky do in all grades; Alcohol;

The examination to commonce at 8 o'clock, A. M.
jl6 dtd J. P. GHEEN, Sec'y B. T. P. S.

RAN AWAY.

LEFT MY KESIDENCE, IN THIS CITY, on Monday night, the first inst., my negro girl MARY, about 18 years of uge, dark complexion, and of slender form. She is supposed to be concealed somowhere ie the city. I will pay fifty dollars reward for her delivery to me in this city.

j16 d6 E. WARREN. HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR SHIPping, I will pay the highest price for all kinds of
choice fruits, delivered at Fourth street, Fruit & Produce Store, next door to the National Hotel; or I will
sell on commission if preferred.

F. MADDEN, Agent,
116 d6°

For Sale,
35 SHARES STOCK IN THE BANK OF LOUIS Apply at once to C. S. BODLEY, j17 de Ex'r of John Ward, dec'd, Lexington, Ky.

DUTCHER'S LIGHTNING

WANTED-AGENTS TO SELL OUR GREAT UNEQUALLED PRIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, containing 100 useful articles, and accumpanied by a magnificeat hox of Jeweiry, from which each purchaser cau select a prize to said themselves. The articles contained in a parkage could not be purchased elsewhers for 21, yet the price is but 25 cents. Agents easily clear \$ 5 par day at this great money-making business. Circulars sent factor, innesd dy Ciaclasati. O., and Chicago, fr.

ELLIOT & BBANSON, General Agents, apr27 dly 120 Laks strest, Chicago, fil.

Wanted to Rent,

A GOO!, COMFORTABLE DWELLING.

HOUSE, containing 5 to 7 rooms, in the central part of the city. Address Drawer Na. 18,

121 Post-office.

0 (forty) " A " " "
0 (intry) " B " " "
0 (one hundred) bandles I inch I loop Iron;
0 (one hundred) bandles I inch I loop Iron;
0 (one hundred) bandles I inch Spriag Skel;
0 (sixty) bars 1½x½4 iach
0 (sixty) " ½x¼4" " " "
10 (one thousand) pounds 2x¼4 inch Cart "
10 (five hundred and fitty) kegs Herse Shoe Nails;
10 (the chousand) Kegs I lorse Shoes;
10 (two thousand) Wagon Pipe Boxes, 1½x2 In., 12 in. long; in. long;
400 (four hundred) Ambulance Pipe Boxes, 1%x1%
in., 8% in. long;
20,000 (twenty thousand) Hind Wheel (Army Wagen) 20,000 (twenty thousand) Hind Wheel (Army Wagon)
Spokes;
5,000 (five thousand) Front Wheel (Army Wagon)
Spokes;
800 (eight hundred) Army Wagon Hubs;
1,500 (fitteen hundred) Hind Wheel (Ambulance)
Spokes;
500 (five hundred) FrontWheel (Ambulance) Spokes;
All bids to be addressed, giving post-office addresse,
to the undersigned.
W. JENKINS,
j17 codtd Capt. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

And Its attendant train of symptoms, it acts more like a charm than a mediciae. There is nothing ia tha whole range of the flateria flodica that can for a moment tear a comparison with it is this disease.

A full account of this weuderful plant may be found in the lith edition of the U. S. Dispensatory, pages 1387 and 1398.

In GOUT, RHEUMATISM, AND NEURAL-GIA:
Aud in FEVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cure all these diseases, but it prevents them.
A wine-glass full of the Bitters taken au hour before each meal will obtine the ill effects of the most unhealthy climate, and serven the person taking it against disease neder the most trying exposure.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers generally.

\*\*\* Dr. Jehn Bull's Principul Office, Fitth street, Louisville, Ky.

23 deod3m

Toa Sets, Urns,
Pitchers, Goblets,
Spoons and Forks. **PLATED GOODS** ICB PITCHERS, OASTORS,
CAKE AND FRUIT BASKETS.
TEA SETS, WAITERS,
FÜRKS, KNIVES, SPOONS.

FLETCHER & BENNETT MILITARY Saddle.

Nonexts.-Why persist in wri us for publication without signatures? look first at the close of every communion sent to us, and if it has no name attached incontinently transferred to the waste

HE OLO FAIR GROUNOS .- At a meeting of and the following gentlemen were not a man. cted a Board of Directors for the present

President-Zack M. Sherley. ice-President-Isaac L. Hyatt. irectors-Lawrence Young, Gibson Mal-R. N. Miller, J. B. Parks, J. A. Moore, J. Tarlton, George P. Doe.n. rensurer-J. B. O'Bannon.

cretary-W. II. Meriwether. nder the new auspices and the managent of the energetic Board thus judiciously ed, we feel convince I that the favorite ort of our citizens will soon be restored to former excellent condition, and that the nte Agricultural Society, when it holds its und fair there next September, will have ny additional facilities for the display of k and the accommodation of its usual wds of visitors.

Thomas Hamrick and Captain Evans verett's gang of thieves and murderess beeu received by the Maysville Eagle. first report that they had been killed in a mish with the rebels is false. They were tally murdered while at the house of Capt. ans, unarmed and defenceless. Two others e assassinated at the same time and place. rick was formerly a Major in the Twentyrd Kentucky, and distinguished himself at battle of Stone River. He resigned several ths sgo. Evans was a Captain in the nth Kentucky Cavalry, and was at home a visit. Reliable reports state that soon er this atrocious murder the rebels were ataken by Lieutenant-Colonel Malthy. th two battalions of the Tenth Kentucky walry, when a skirmish ensued. About a zen rebels were killed and wonnded and enty captured. More than a hundred the control of the control o ses wer en from them. The rebels ed, and our forces were still pur-. The Federals had one man killed and veral wounded in the melec.

Bella Golorn's Benefit .- This pleasing ette, charming singer, graceful danseuse. neral versstilo actress will have her fit to-night. With good taste she has ected Bnckstone's admirable comedy, Leap ar, in which she will perform the Irish ly Miss O'Leary. A new burletta called Female Volunteers, written for ber by a atleman of this city, will follow, and the ertainments conclude with an original exrsganza entitled the "Bottle Imps," in nich Len. G. Rogers and James II. Cornell. well-known practitioners at the bar, will ke their first appearance "in public on the hife if not "in a horn." Miss Katy Strauss | them away in their hasty retreat kes her debut in a fancy dance, and, as the re will be a crowded house.

ONORABLE ACQUITTAL.—The following eg., President of the Board of Aldermen the city of Louisville, requires no comment. only coincides with the general opinion of citizens when the worthy gentleman was arrested, and like a true patriot he feels s subjected to temporary detention and in-

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, Ky., June 20, 1863. . John G. Baxter, Louisville, Ky .: After an investigation of the circumstances

nected with your recent arrest, I am satis if you had nothing to do with matters urged against you, and it gives me pleasure make this statement of acquittal of any per suspicion against you. There cannot er suspicion against you. There cannot ustly attached the slightest taint to your ted legalty. I am, very respectfully, your lient servant, J. T. BOYLE, dient servant, Brigadier-General. ESTRAY HORSES IN INCIANA .- Capt. J. B!

riwether, Provost Marshal of the Second ict of Indiana, requests us to state that ses left on the wayside by the guerileir recent raid, or captured from them, be reported to the Deputy Provost als of the various counties, with a view ve them restored to their proper owners. ebels, when they seized an animal, would mes break it down in an hour's riding, en abandon it and steal another, leaving en down one at large in the road. In some instant is the Home Guards, who pursued them, have probably been compelled to leave their exhausted horses and take fresh ers. The orchestra will be from this city, and ones. A little attention to Provost Marshal Merriwether's request will enable all the prop-

where it rightfully belongs. SHOOTING AFFAIR.—Last night, about halfnnt and Second streets, where a gontleman R. Schapper) knocked bim down, and he

ae secured. We did not learn that any of he parties were seriously hurt by the socoting. The deserters were taken to the Military Prison in irons.

TREASURER CAREY'S BENEFIT .-- It will be seen by the correspondence published in an other column that all the attaches of the Theatre have volunteered their services for Thos. J. Carey's benefit on Wednesday evening. This is a most gratifying cyidence of

careless handling of weapons when sed to be unloaded.

John J. Hawes has been commissioned thorized by the Governor to raise a of Light Artillery. He has served ear as an officer of artillery under Gens. and Rosecrans, and in this new service have no donbt he will prove an efficient

'CAMP NELSON."—By a recent general order m Major-General Bnrnside, the Headquars, camp near Hickman Bridge, on the tncky rive elow Nicholasville, has been 'Camp Nelson," in honor of the bry of the late Major-General William

The Post Band organized by Col. ndy have volunteered their services, in

INDIANA INVADERS CAPTURED .- We give brow the official report of J. B. Carnes and John Calaban, sunouncing the capture of Hines's guerillas at Blue River Island, below Leavenworth, together with the names of the prisoners captured, being fifty-four in number. lines unfortunately escaped with at least one other-we have a very reliable report which ssys six others.

Tho Leavenworth Home Gnards, under John Calahan, to whom the surrender was made. behaved nobly, indeed. They had among them eight or ten boys, between the ages of twelve and sixteen, who stood the fire of the rebels with the indomitable coolness of veterans of many years service. Calaban is a private in the First Indiana Cavalry, and deerves promotion for his gallantry.

Three of the rebels were known certain to have been drowned, and it was not ascertained scribers to the new organization of the that any were killed, though it is supposed estern Agricultural and Mechanical two or three were, as the rebels were very ation, E. D. Hobbs, Esq., presiding, it | much exposed while under fire, being on an s determined to change its name to the open island where the boys could all see isville and Jefferson County Associa- plainly where to aim. The Home Guards lost LEAVENWORTH, IND., June 20.

Capt. M. H. Jouett, Louisville Provost Guard: DEAR SIR: We have the honor to submit the

following report:

On yesterday morning ahont 11 o'clock a company of rebel cavalry, nuder Capt. Hines, numbering about sixty-five men, well armed and mounted, made their appearance on the top of the hill immediately back and in sight They were prevented from making a descent upon the town by being informed that there was an armed force of three hundred men in the town, aside from the artillery—

notwithstanding at the time the town was en-tirely defenceless, the availing force having gone the day before in pursuit of the same men—the facts of which will prove tho subject of a separate communication by the officer in of a separate communication by the officer in charge. They then turned about in the direction of Corydon. After crossing Blue river, about three miles from here, they left the road and turned into the river opposite Upper Blue River Islam! and crossed over to the island, the river being fordable. The towboat Moncagahela, then passing down, was rounded to by the rebels. In the meantime Capt. J. B. Catnes, of the Scott Guard, Harrison county, with forty men, and private John county, with forty men, and private John Calahan, of the First Indiana cavalry, with twenty men and boys picked up around the town, massed their small force opposite the island on the Indiana sbore, and opened a fire upon the loat and forced her to back out—the pilot leaving the wheel. Sho then moved lown opposite the town, where she was again brought to by our artillery. The cannon— 12 pounder—was taken aboard and the boa ordered to the scene of action. During this time the fight was going on at the island. Our men opened upon them immediately after forcing the boat back. They returned the fire triskly for a few minntes. Quite a number triskly for a few minutes. Quite a number took to the river and make for the Kentucky shore, only two of the entire command succeeding in making their escape—the Captain and one private. Fifty-four were made prisand one private. Fifty-four were made privates; the residue were killed or drowned

> Respectfully submitted. J. B. CARNES, JOHN CALAHAN.

LIST OF PRISONERS. Adjutant J. H. Webster, Lieut. Joseph Hay-raft, John Duvall, T. J. Henry, Jas. Hughes, F. L. Swan, A. F. Jones, W. W. Cunningham, D. L. Renfro, Jas. Hawkins, Adam Breckin-tides, Dr. Saynell, Anderson, Ren. Techen, P. D. L. Reufro, Jas. Hawkins, Adam Breckin-ridge, Dr. Samuel Anderson, Benj. Taylor, P. F. Edwards, Alfred Wilson, Thos. Lashbrook, Robert Riley, Hugh Watts, W. E. Hood, E. K. Mitchell, D. B. Bailey, E. J. Clark, J. A. Holland, O. Darson, M. Crutcher, J. H. Tal-bott, B. S. Smith, J. G. Morris, A. Stroud, J. B. Alexauder, J. S. Gray, J. Turpie, J. M. Thurman, John Curtiss, W. H. Cannon, J. R. Buckner, W. B. Pattilow, L. T. Hughes, L. Buckner, W. B. Pattilow, L. T. Hughes, L. M. Holamar, T. J. Gaar, Joseph Glore, J. L. Hutchison, J. W. Rogers, T. R. Buckley, W. F. Witson, H. Litton, James Cook, H. Henderson, J. T. Bates, A.S. Knykendall, S. Wigginton, and A. Curtiss.

The rebels threw their arms into the river. The names of their characters are but their horses, numbering sixty-five, were their own "mixed drinks," but we pre- taken, and they are the most of them stolen me they will personate what Sir John Fal- ones. Their effects, plunder, &c., were scataff calls "skinkers," which they can do to tered for miles along the road, having thrown

Fifty-four were brought np Saturday evenractions are so numerous, we are confident | ing on the J. T. McCombs, the whole amount captured. Six citizens were arrested by the authorities in the neighborhood of Leavenworth, and were also brought up, and are now from Brig.-Gen. Boyle to John G. Bax- confined in the jail at New Albany, charged with having aided and abetted the rebels. We presume the matter will be investigated immediately. We give their names and respective places of residence: A. J. Montgomery, Amsterdam, Ind.; W. J. Thacker, opposite Blue at the military authorities were doing their | River Island; Richard Vanvachter, Kentucky; ty under peculiar circumstances when he Wm. Cannon, Kentucky; George Heishman, Kentucky. They all reside in the immediate neighborhood of the island.

The Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court will sell this morning at the courthouse door the following property: A lot on the corner of Cumpbell and Kentucky

lot on Duncan street, between Fourteenth and n the northeast corner of Broadway and Portland I lot on Brecklurldge street, hetween ourth and Film.
A lot frouting 105 tect on Rose Lane.
Two houses on Second street, between Main and
fater stores).
Two houses on Snesd street, between Main and Wa-(Riores).

Roo lots on First street, between Main and Water,
A house and lot on First street, 65 feet north of Gray,
Jue fourth of the porthouse of Hutl, Hunt, & Co.,
S3 feet on the south eide of Broadway, neur Bear-

Two buggies and two sets harness.

One tray t of hand on the L. and N. R. R., 213 acres. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

CONCERT AT NEW ALBANY .- We notice that the New Albany Union Musical Association will give their first musical entertainments on Tnesday and Thursday evenings of the present week. The Association numbers among is very superior. The concerts promise to be the most recherche affairs of the kind ever erty thus scattered to be collected and returned | given in New Albany. The object is a be-

Those who are longing for the happy past ten o'clock, a guard of six or eight sol- days and better times of Confederate rule will diers arrested two deserters somewhere up ponder a little perhaps on the uncertainty of towd, and, as they came to the corner of First | their realization when they learn that tho and Green streets, the two broke away and Richmond Enquirer gives a grocery bill for attempted to escape. The guard fired on one week of a small family at the prices in them, and one of them was immediately 1860 and those in 1863. In 1860 the bill caught, but the other ran to the corner of Wal- amounted to \$6 55, in 1863 the bill for the same articles is \$68 25.

NAZABETH ACADEMY .- The annual exhibition of this excellent institution takes place on

LOUISVILLE THEATRII -- COMPLIMENTABY BENEEIT TO THOS. J. CAREY. Louisville, June 6, 1863.

MR. THOMAS J. CAREY—Dear Sir: We, the undersigned members and attachees of the Louisville theate, in view of the universal kindness, urbanity, and gentlemenly bearing

kindness, urbanity, and gentlemently bearing on your part in our professional relations, would respectfully tender to you our gratuit-cus services for a complimentary benefit, to take place any night it shall please the management of designate.

Accioent from Firearms.—Edward Coryy, a lad of thirteen, was shot by the acciatal discharge of a gun in the hands of bert Sutton, yesterday morning, at the ner of Jefferson and Eighteenth streets.

Ley will lose an eye, and perhaps bis life, the careless handling of weapons when

LOUISVILLE THEATRE, June 12, 1863. LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: It is impossible or me to give expression to the feelings of gratification I experienced on receiving your kind and friendly note. That our intercourse has been mutually pleasant is attributable to the marked courtesy of the members of the company toward me in the somewhat arduous position of Treasurer, and also to the promptitude which has distinguished them in their business. Accepting your offer with un-feigned gratitude, I will, by permission of the management, designate Wednesday evening, June 24th, for the employment of your services. As our season is about to close, and many of us be separated, I cannot permit this occasion to pass without wishing you all health, happiness, and professional success wherever your lot may be cast. Believe me, ladies and gentlemen,

Gratefully yours, THOS. J. CAREY. DIED,

NOTICES OF THE DAY. Lost.-The Rev. II. A. Hunter, Chaplain of the Twenty-eighth Kentucky, in going from this city to Jeffersonville by the way of New Albany, lost a letter addressed to "Lowis Hensler, Jeffersonville," containing \$25, the amount being indicated on the left-hand corner below the superscription. Any person returning this letter with its contents to the Rev. Mr. Hunter or to this office will be suitably

rewardod. j22 d1 Meeting an old friend the other day, we were surprised at his youthful appearance. Ascertaining that the change was caused by the complete restoration of his hair, which had been getting very thin for many years, we anxiously inquired whose hair restorative he had used. He told us it had been brought about by wearing Green & Green's ventilated hats. The enrolment will soon be over and then pe The enrolment will soon be over and then pesons can begin to look young again. "A word to the wise is sufficient.

WHOLESALE MILINERY GOOOS .- Otis & Co. 516 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth (up stairs), has a very large stock of black and white trimmed and untrimmed hats and a very desirable stock of millinery goods generally. They are nearly all late purchases; were bought cheap, and will be sold accord-P. S. O.& Co. have a full line of quilled

A Live Book-"Incidents of the War; or Romance and Realities of Soldier Life," By P. Fishe Reed. Lnrge 12 mo. of 112 pages. Price 25 cents. Comprising the romantic incidents, tbrilling adventures, narrow escapes, and heroic deeds performed by our brave soldiers of the army and nnvy. We want agents in every town, city, and camp. A rare chunce offered. Agents are clearing from \$3 to \$6 per day. Every soldier and citizen wants a per day. Every soldier and citizen wants a copy. Copy sent post paid on receipt of price. Address Asher & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

the Union men of Cumberland county to become a candidate for the State Senate in the Sixteenth District. Should he consent, he will receive the undivided support of the loyal citizens of the counties in the District.

French Consets, genuine, just received at i16 J. SUES'. FLAGS, wholesale and retail, at I. SUES'.

CONFEDERATE MONEY.—The most perfect fac simile of the last plates that have been issued, warranted to pass any bank in Dixie—five hundred dollars for five dollars. Perfect u paper, water marks, and signatures. Ad-

dress, amount enclosed,

JOHN SEYMOUR,

JOHN SEYMOUR, Box 127, Louisville P.O. P.S. Not less than five dollars sold. il2 dlm\*

Roofing! Roofing!-The attention of the public is called to my Elastic Paint and Roofing Cement, which is considered, by all wbo have tested it, to be the best and cheapest material of the kind, now in use, for tin, iron, or metal roofs.

C. COGGESHALL, or metal roofs. C. COGGESHALL, Sign of the Elastic Roofing, Jesterson street, between Fourth and Fish. jlodts

NEWS DEPOT, SOUTHWEST CODNER OF MAIN ANO THIRD STREETS (AT LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, ANO CHICAGO RAILROAD OFFICE).—The undersigned would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they are now prepared to furnish to subscribers and now prepared to furnish to subscribers and others the daily and weekly papers of New York, Chicago, St. Louis, and Cinciunati, of the latest dates; besides which, they will keep constantly on hand Harper's, Peterson's, Godey's, Atlantic, Frank Leslie's, and other Monthly Magazines, and all the principal Illustrated papers of the country, together with the Intest Novels and Novelettes, and every variety of Stationery, &c. They hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of public patronage. share of public patronage.
WM. H. EHRICH & CO., Proprietors.

REMEMBER THE DRUNKARO, the child of sorrow and degradation; he has a diseaso which

the human mind cannot control. Remembe the drunkard's family, his heart-broken wife his interesting children; soon their father will squander his property, if he has any, and leave hem to want: soon he must die and leave them to want; soon he must die and leave tbem orphans, unless he is reclaimed. Then save him, if yon can. Try the effect of the "INEBALATE'S HOPE" upon him. It has re-claimed many inebriates, and saved many families from degradation. Yon will find it at Raymond & Tyler's, 74 Fourth street, near Main. It is sent by mail free of postage; price \$1 50 per package, or four packages for \$5. ge, or four packages for \$5. jul2deod&weow

Hill's Gold Pens! HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY-Is the place to bny fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can sult any hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens sent safely by mail.

Those wishing a superior pen, warranted perfect in every respect, will send stamp for

price list.
N. B.—Stencil Brands cut as usual.
R. C. HILL, m7 dtf 407 Main street, below Fourth.

Col. Marc Mundy, Commandant of the Post, has rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where strangers going South, arriving after office hours, and entitled to passes, may obtain them at 7 o'clock A. M. each day in time to take the morning trains.

No passes, however, will be given by the Commandant of the Post at his Hotel to others han those arriving after office hours.

United States Revenue Stamps .- I bave on hand, and will constantly keep, a full supply of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend npon having their orders filled by return mail.

Office in Custom-house.

PHILIP SPEED,
mar3 d&w6m Col. Let. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky.

DRY GOODS.

D. C. TABA, corner of Market and Fourth streets, has now in store a complete assortment of the newest and most desirable stock of La-dies' Dress Goods for Spring and Summer, and the best stock of Domestic Goods, to be found Strangers visiting the city will find it to their interest to give this honse a call.

mayll j&b WM. TURNER, Agent.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, LOUISVILLE, KY., June 21, 1868. General Orders No. 33. The following extract from General Orders No. 5 rom Headquarters 23d Army Corps, dated Louisville, Kv., June 18, 1863, is published for the information of all centerned:

General Orders No. 5. "1. All officers of the Twenty third Army Corps appearing in Louisville, Ky., for any cause, or by any authority whatsoever, are required to register their names in the Assistant Adjutant General's office, at General Boyle's Hesdquarters, where they will receive (if entitled to it) a certificate in they are absent from their posis or commands by proper and competent anthority. rity.
Any officer of the Corps found in Louisville twentyrhours after the publication of this order, and any
coming there afterwards, without propor authorwill be sent to their commands in arrest, and
arges for disobedience of orders and absence without

-sion. II, however, any exigency should arise requiring an eer to be sent heyoud the jurisdiction of his com-uding officer with at awaiting the time necessary get the required authority, the commanding officer I issue the necessary orders, and send immediately

To carry out the instructions of the above orders all fibers of 23d Army Corps and of all commands what-oever, who are now or may be reafter he is the city of Louisville, will, within twenty-four hours after their grival, reglater their names at the office of the Post arrival, register their names at the office of the Post Commandant.

Ou satisfactory a surance from the officers thus registering their names that they are absent from their pests or commands by proper and competent authority, Col. Marc Mundy, Post Commandant, will Issue to them certhicat a to that effect, elating by whose authority they are absent and the length of time they are permitted to remain in the city.

Col. Mundy is also charged with the execution of the remaining provisions of the foregoing extract from General Orders No. 5, and will extend these to the cases of all ollicers appearing in the city.

I ally reports will be made from the office of the Post Commandant to these fleadquarters of the nones of all others who arrige in the city, and the air hority and lustiness upon which they are absent from their commands, and special reports will be made of the nones of each officer arrested and sent back to his command that the argument of the command that the foregoing order do not apply to G neral others.

By command of BRIG.-GEN, BOYLE.

U. S. Marshal's Sale. DY VIETUE OF VENI-ITION EXPONAS NO. 121, one of the undersigned will, on Monday, Juna 22, 1863, about 10 clock A M., at the eters of T. M. Erwin & Co., on Fourth etreet, hetween Main street and the river, sell, at public anction, to the highest 138 barrels of Grease

BRIG.-GEN. BOYLE.

H. C. McDOWELL, Marshal, JOHN WILSON, Daputy. JOHN WILSON, Deputy.

400 BBLS GREENWOOD MILLS FLOUR:
100 " Hoosier 100 " T. &J. W. Gaff's " "
500 " Eclipse " "
200 " Troy " " "
200 " Santa Claus " "
200 " Mankport " "
In stora and for sale by 1019 dtf " JUL. DORN & CO., 423 Main st.

TRESH BUTTER, CHEESE, AND DRIED AP.

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC TEMPLE. Monday Evening. June 22, 1863.

GRAND VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL PROMENADE ONCERT!

GIVEN BY MISS MARIE DeROODE, Assisted by the following eminent Artist MSSS EUGENIE DEROODE. Prof. GEO. ZOLLER, Mr. BORNSCHEIN, and a distinguished Lady Amazeua of this city. Between the first and second Parts of the Programme there will be an intermission of half an incurring which the Hall adjoining the Concert Room will be thrown open for Promesans and Referen

Miss MARIE DEROODE & Mr. BORNSCHEIN. Intermiseion of half an hour for Promeunde and Refreshments. 

Miss MARIE DEROODE & Mr. BORNSC Tickets..... Reserved Seats.... Tickets to be had at the Music Stores and at the ols open at 7: Concert to commonce at 8 o'clock precisely. Refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Pargny.

MASONIC TEMPLE. A SECOND AND LAST

Old Folks' Concert Will be given by Mr. Whipple's Juvenile Singing Class ON TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1863.

Among the selections for the programms are the DUETTS.
"Exile's Home"-Sung by Goody Two Shoes and Lit-"Snany Rhine"—Puritan Maiden and Bohemian Girl, "I know a bunk"—Ancient French Lady and Puritan Violin and Piano Duett—Prof. Horn & Henry Frankei. 'Pioughhoy''—Nnuny and Johny.

"Pioughhoy"—Numy and Johny.

SONCS.
Fabri's "Bird Song"—Puritin Maiden.
Old English Song—Queen Elizabeth.
Bullad—Mary, Queen of Scots.
"Ob, would I were a boy agaiu"—Young "76."
"Mr. Poe"—Miss Slimmins.
"I wish I were a Feiry Queen"—Ancient French Lady.
"Thro' meadows green"—Village Maiden.
"Mikmaid"—Littlo Red Riding Hood.
"Grandna's Advice"—First Bride of Huntsville.
"To they think of me"—Slster Buth.
"Tronbadont"—Tom Thumb.
"Sweetheart"—Frecloss.
"My heart's on the Rhine"—Holtemlan Oiri,
Geannyathea Mutrellean will lead the singing.

GRANDFATHER WHITEHEAN will lead the singin and sing "The Veteran" and "The Good Old Yanke Ledy." Tickets 50 Cents. For sale at the Music Stores and at the door, Children's Tickets 25 Cents. For sale at the door. Doors open at 7% o'clock. The Concert will begin

MASONIC CRLEBRATION St. JOHN'S DAY. June 24, 1863.

THE MASONIO FRATERNITY are cordially invited to participate in the festivities of the day.
The hrethrea will nesemble at
the Masonic Tamp'e at 7% o'clock n.

occession formed at 30'clock under the direction of Marsinal of the day—march through the principal ets, and arrive at the river at 90'clock, givers a mer will be in waiting. treers, and arrive at the riverst 90 clock, were a treamer will be in waiting.

The tamilies of Masons are invited to be on the boat 14 90 clock. The boat will leave at 94 for some point lesignated by the Committee and return at 5 P. M.

PICNIC, with Orations, Music, Dancing, and general conjugates through the day.

Denoyment the research of baskets will be established.

J. C. ROBINSON, Ch'n, R. C. MATHEWS,
H. WEIMMOFF, EDWIN R. BISHOP,
B. G. HAWKINS. C. H. FINCK.
PHIL. TOMPERT, jr. L. MILLER,
J. ROTHCHILD. N. B .- Tickets \$2, which can be procured of any o

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WEST BADEN SPRINGS. INDIANA.

Indiana, where you will find a dolly stage running to the Springs. Fare through \$3.75. For further particu-lars inquire of J. I. Lemon and Judge W. F. Bullock. DR. J. A. LANE. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL

Univality, and Sexual Systems.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIA-TIOR-Sent in sessed letter envelops, free of charge Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Asso niation, Philadelphia, Pa. BUCKEYE REAPER.

FARMERS, Call and see the BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER, which has proven itself in four years' trial by the farmers of Ketuncky and Indiana to give better estification and have more points of excellence in it than all other meshines combined. WARRANTY.

warrant these Machines to be well made, of good lals, simple, durable, and easy of draft for two The Corphined Reaper will cut from 12 to R acres of small grain per day. One Single Mawer will cut and spread irem 6 to 10 acres of grass per day—both doing the work in a perfect manner.

The Single Mower will cut lodged grass or lodged and wet clover without clogging.

CASH PRICE. Combined Reaper and Mower - - \$165 Combined Reaper and Mower (with Self-Raker) - - - - - 190 Single Reaper - - - - -Large Size Mower - - - - 130 Small Size Mower - - - - 105 NOTICE.

We always keep a full supply of Extras for every part of the Machines on hand. \*\*\* Catalogues containing full descriptions of the Machines furnished on application. PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

SWEEPSTAKES Separator and Cleaner. This Machine is far superior to any Eight-horse Separator and Cleaner ever brought to this market. Call and see it before buying elsewhere or send

We have in store a large assortment of the following implements of the very best workmanship:
4 HORSE LEVER POWER THRESHERS; HORSE HAY-RAKES; CUTTING-BOXES: CORN-SHELLERS;

CULTIVATORS; PLOUGHS, &c. PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., m6 dawim LOUISVILLE, KY. DO DRUNKENNESS CURED! THE inchriate may now bid defiance to the tempting oup. DR. ZANE'S ANTIDOTE FOR news. It creates a dislike for strong drink, and can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. Price \$1 a box. Sent hy mail to any address by O. S. UPBAM, 403 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Circulars sent free. o3l deow&weowly

PURE BLOOD CURES. When the bile has not the requisite healthy quali-ties, we become costive. To restore the bile to a state of health, the blood must be parified. You cannot purify the blood but by occasional purgatives, nud they should be continued for several days in succession, when there may be a greater or less interval of reet. Some persons have used BRANDRETH'S Pills every day in small doscs until they become cured of ostiveness, which had troubled them for over twenty years. The use of this medicine does not debilitate or require an increase of dosa from continued use. They n fact strengthen the bowels as exercise does the arms or legs.

county, has used ERANDRETH'S Pills for thirty
years as bis family medicine. They cured him of fevor and ague and coetiveness when he was reduced to the most deplorable weakness and when it was supposed no medicino conld save him. Remember, references will be given to persons whom BRANDRETH'S Pills have cured of costiveness of over twenty years' duration, and in cases where no natural action of the bowels had taken place

Mr. CARPENTER, of Gonvernenr, St. Lawrence

in twenty years, yet these cases were radically cured by Brandreth's Pills.

Principal Office 294 Canal st., N. York. Sold by BAYMOND & TYLEE, Lonisvilla, and by all respectable dealers in medicine. ASK FOR NEW m25 eod&eow1m

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theatre,

......Stags Manager. BENEFIT OF BEI LA GOLDEN. TR Miss KATY STRAUSS, L. C. ROGERS, and J. H. CORNELL have kindly volunteered and will mak their brst aplearance on any stage on this occa-

sion.

N MONDAY EVENTNE, June 22, the performanc will commence with Buckstone a glorious Comed entitled LEAP YEAR—Miss O'Leary, Bella Gol den..... Fency Bance by Katy Straws..... After which first lime), the Burlatta, written expression Bella Golden by a gentleman of this city, on titled the FEMALE VOLUNTEERS—KateTrue love (with sengs). Bella Golden...... To cancibate with the original, incomprehensible, Tragle, Mel. Dramatic, Extravagant, Serio-Comic Extravagant as of the BOTTLE IMPS—Abdelmajdkillem, htt. U. Bogors; Keisenbaventaken, Mr. J. H. Cornell.

Private Boxes Spand Sp. Dress Circle and Par-quette 75 cents. Second Tier 35 cents. Gallary 15 cents. Colored Boxes 25 cents. LOUISVILLE THEATRE

SPECIAL CARD. BELLA GOLDEN

Most respectfully begs to inform her friends and the public generally that her first BENEFIT In this city will take place on Monday Evening, June 22,1863.

It is with extrema pleasure that the heueficiary is KATY STRAUSS And the urbanc gentleman LEN. ROGERS JIM CORNELL Have most generously volunteersed their services and will make their first appearance on any stage on this oc

AUCTION SALES.

A BILL OF RARE INTEREST

Will be presented. For particulars see bills of the day,

Box Book Now Open.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. REGULAR WEEKLY SALE OF DAY GOODS, CLOTHING, AND CARPET BAGS AT AUOTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, June 23, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, for cash-A large lot of assorted Dry Goods. At 11 o'clock, A stock of Sn mmer Clothing. At 1114 o'clock,

One of the largest and heat lots of Volvet Tapestry Ingrain and Enameled Bags ever offered at and tion by us. Sale positive for cash. S. G. HENRY & CO.,

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. Large Sale of Boots and Shoes AT AUOTION.

O'MONDAY MORNING, June 22, at 10 o'clock, at Auction Rooms, we will sall a large and general assariment of Boots and Shoes. In the lot will be found. 50 cases Women's Calf, Kid, Gost, and Moroccu Work; 25 cases Misses' and Children's Calf, Kid, Geat, and Morocco Work; Morocco Work;
100 cases Men's Colf, Kip, and Split P. S. Boots;
22 cases Celf, Beff, and Split Balmorals;
50 cases Men's, Boys', and Youths' Kip and Split Before the sale of the above, we will sell 50 lots ns-bried Shoessultable for the city trade. This lot must

S. Q. HENRY & CO. Public Sale of Government Stock. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC anction, to the highest bidder, at the Old Oakland Bace Course, near tha city—
1 Jenny, 1 Jacks, 3 Mares with foal, 1 Mare and Oolt,
150 Norses (condemned); 100 Mulos (condemned).

Terms cash, and the property to be removed the same
day at risk of owner.
Sale to commenca at 10 o'clock A. M. un THURSPAY, the 25th day of June, 1863, and to continus
daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. until they are uli disposed of.
122 d6 W. W. ALLNUIT, Auctioneer.

CLOSING THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES FOR SPRING OF 1863

On 23d, 24th, and 25th of June, BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Brogans. N TUESDAY, 2d June, st 10 A. M., large sale of ON WEDNESDAY, 2tth June, at 10 A.M., to close 1,400 lots kaney Dry Goods, consisting in part obliance of a Retail Stock, invoices Job Lots, &c.

ON THURSDAY, 25th June, at 10 A.M. to close Consignments, an extensive stock of Staple and Fauce Fry Goods, embracing lines of Lawns. Mozam-Iquica, Ib meetics, Jenns, Clothe, Carsin-res, Satients, Dries Goods, finest quality linen-bosom Shirts, Hoop Skirt\*, &c. At 12 o'clock M., 259 lots Men's fashionable Ready mnde Clothing (just recoived); also a small lot o Youths' and Boys' Frocks, Sacks, Pants, and Yosts.

BY C. C. SPENCER. BULLITT STREET STORE-HOUSES AND LOTS AND JEFFERSON STREET DWELLING-HOUSE

AND LOT AT AUCTION.

j20 dtd LARGE SALE DF LEATHER, &C,

AT AUCTION On the 23d and 25th of June, 1863. I WILL EXPOSE FOR SALE, AT PUBLIC AUG-TION, on TUESDAY, the 23d of June, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the business honse of the late J. M. Bar-clay, in the city of Lexington, Ky., THE ENTIRE STOCK of LEATHER that Is ready for market, estimated at 12,000 to 15,00 lbs of Leather in the rough and finished; 25 doze Wsx, Kip, and Calf Skins (French, Philadelphia, an Cheinnati fini-h). Also a large lot of Morocco, Toping, Lining, Pad, Glovo Kid and Binding Skins, & There will be sold also, the same day, a large lot Lasts, Pegs, and all kinds of Shoemakers' Findings. All the Leather in Process of Tanning; A hudred or more Dry Hydes;

All the Tanner and Currier Tools; The Horses, Mules, and other Movable Property, and Rent out the Yard and Hire out the Negroes.

groes,

Mr. Berclay had a large stock on hand, and as the sale is for closing up the estate, persons in this trade would do well to attend. The Tanynrd is about 15 miles beyond Danville, east of the Lebanon road, at Mitchellaburg, and about 50 miles from Lexington the Perrone attending the sale at Lexington can easily go to the Yard in thus to attend the sale there.

Adm'r of J. M. Barclay, decessed.

Lexington, Ky., May 28, 1-63.

3 dtjun22 L. HABRIS.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE, No. 731 Main st., south side, het. Seventh and Eighth LOUISVILLE, KY. HARRIS&CHATFIELD, AUCTIONEERS,

MARIETTA & CINCINNATI RAILROAD.

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDISE, New and Second-hand Furniture for public or private sale. Liberal cash advances made on consign-Muarreesboro, June 21. Late Chattanooga papers have reached camp no Out-door Sales promptly attended to. but contain nothing of interest. Befar to Gardner & Co., Louisville, Ky. Nock, Wicks, & Co., ''
Smith & Waide, ''
Wm L. Weller, ''
Wobb & Levering, '' David Blazier, of Bushes's Indiana Battery who was found guilty of deserting to the enemy, was shot yesterday in presence of Gen. Rosecrans and division, to which his battery The Best Artificial Help for Huis attached.

All quiet at Murfreesboro. man Sight ever Invented. NEW YORK, June 21. The Mercury has a Washington special sta-ting that the rumors of a battle at Centreville are untile. There has probably been some se-E. SINCERE. Practical Optician, MAIN ST.; UNDER NATIONAL HOTEL, vere fighting at Leesburg, and a number of cavalry skirmishes in front of Washington, but in force no battle has been fought, nor will one be fought for a couple of days if at all. SPEEROIDAL SPICTACLES, The latest and most approved Lens yet invented, gar Superior Optical, Mathematical, and Physical Lee's headquarters are near the old Bull Run battle-field, and bis army extends in a semi-circle in front of our works, and can be massed at any moment for battle. General Hooker has so far declined to fight, his army being so placed as merely to defend Washington and Baltimore. netraments.

DEF Artificial Eyes inserted without causing pain.

RAFTERN EXPRESS FREIGHT LINE-Receipts
given for the delivery of Merchandise in mpliment to the favorite Bella Golden, to any some choice and patriotic airs in front of the Theatre while the audience are assembling or her benefit this evening.

The benefit to the favorite Bella Golden, to the favorite Bella Golden, to the past of clock, altern the color of the description of the sheep are commodated of the travelling public. The sleep instead improved Combined Mayor and Market streets.

The benefit this evening.

The benefit the surface of the comfort and selection of the surface of the surface

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. The enemy's cavalry left Boonsboro last MORNING DESPATCHES.

evening, after capturing a number of horses, and returned to Hagerstown yesterday.

Six thousand infantry are reported to have crossed at Williamsport. It is not believed that they will visit Frederick. The Rebels Hold Thoroughfare Gap. General Lougstreet near Leesburg.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 10.

with inland seas and rivers filled with Union

The Un onists in East Tennessee and West-rn North Carolina have organized powerful

forces, and are joined by thousands of deserters and conscripts from the rebel army, to whom protection is guaranteed, for the purpose of holding the mountain regions against

[Trlbune's Special.]

A special messenger, direct from General

Hooker's headquarters, brings the important intelligence that the enemy had moved upon

Centerville, and in an encounter with our

orces at that point had defeated them (our

Gens, Lee and Ewell took possession on

Thursday of Thoroughfare Gap.

Gen. Longstreet is in the neighborhood of Leesburg, and is constantly threatening Gan.

Slocum, who is, however, carefully on his

guard against surprise.

Gen. A. P. Hill is known to have reached

Dumfries on Thursday night, but nothing has been ascertained of his whereabouts beyond

[Special to the Post.]

There is no confirmation of the report of a

rebel corps from Fredericksburg towards Fair-

No authentic intelligence of the where-abouts of Lee's main army has been received

WASHINGTON, June 19.

WASHINGTON, June 20.

NEW YORK, June 20.

Pulladelphia, June 20.

[Special to the Times.]

MURFARESBORO, June 20.

San Francisco, June 20.

The Union Convention adopted very radical

esolutions endorsing the emancipation proc-

NEW YORK, June 20.
The Harrisburg Union of yesterday morning says there are now about 5,000 troops in Camp

Curtin, and the number is constantly and rap-

idly increasing.

CLEVELAND, O., June 20.

Sunday Night's Despatches.

Special News from Murfreesboro.

Latest News from the Southwest.

Vicksburg Still Closely Invested.

The Siege of Port Hudson Continues.

The Rebels Marching on Pittsburg.

[Special to the Lonisville Journal.]

to-day for desertion.

irginia cannot be expected.

the rebel government.

that time.

bowever, this morning.

risburg.

The enemy has nearly 6,000 infantry this side of the Potomac, under Gen. Rhodes. Two regiments of infantry and a squad of cavalry are at Sharpsburg and the remainder are encamped between Williamsport and Hagerstown. No artil'ery has been sent over, nor have any troops crossed since yesterday Gen. Ilill in Possession of Dumfries. Unionism in Tennessee & N. Carolina Gen. Ewell has left Williamport and gone

Gen. Ewell has left Williamport and gone toward the main body of his command, stationed at Charlestown. Lee's army is not known to be within supporting distance of Ewell, and it is very probable that the force new in Maiyland will not penetrate further no th. The cavalry force numbers about twelve hundred, under Jenkins.

The party which first advanced upon Green castle and Chambershurg numbered only air Organization of 20,000 Union Men. Rebel Citizens Call for Protection. castle and Chambershurg numbered only six Permanent Secession of Virginia and hundred and fifty. N. Carolina Doubted by the Rebels.

filerald's Special.1

Farderick, Mp., June 29

WASHINGTON, June 21. The following report bas been received at the Navy Department:

Flag-ship Wabash, Port Royal Harbor, June
15.—Sir: I have the honor to report to the
Department that, on the night of the 5th inst., A Pirate Under British Colors. a steamer attempted to run out of Charleston. She was turned back by the Wissabieton, which vessel pursued her over the bar, firing The Rebel Steamer Calypso Captured From subsequent information obtained from two deserters from Charleston, whom I send North by the Massachusetts, there is reason to believe the vessel was the Isaac Smith. On The Blockade-Runner Herald Sunk. The Revolt in Ohio at an End. the night of the 10th inst. another steamer attempted to run the blockade into Charles on by the Sanford Channel. She was fired at by several of the vessels, but in the dark-ness eluded them. On the next morning a The transport Eriel arrived to-day from laylight she was discovered at the north end of Foley Island. She was a large stde-wheel steamer, supposed to be the Havelock, but this is not certainly ascertained.

The report of a battle al Centreville between Newbern with advices of the 17th, and reports report the Union forces in possession of a belt of country 300 miles long and 100 miles wide,

the Federal army and the rebels is without any foundation. There is believed to be no i failtry force of the enemy this side of the gunboats, reaching through North Carolina and Virginia, which pr.vents fortifications being constructe 1, and while this continues the remanent secession of North Carolina and NEW Yonk, June 21. A Mobile despatch of the 12th reports the arrival there of the Yankee propeller Boston, captured off Pass l'Outre by a party of sixteen men from Mobile, who also burned the barges Lennox and Texas, with valuable cargoes for New Orleans, at the mouth of the Miss Other despatches say the bombardment of

Rebel citizens have petitioned Gov. Vance Citizens of Horn Lake report thirty-seven transports, with troops and supplies, going for pret ction against this organization. Vance replied that he had no troops to send—that they must protect themselves. down the Mississippi.

The gunboat Essex is reported cuptured by the rebels at Port Hudson. Twenty thousand insurgents have openly offered to join the Uniou army as soon as military posts are established at Rolla. The Orizabn is reported by the rebels on a bsr four miles below Natchez.

Jackson despatches of the 13th report that the Federals are within 300 yards of the water

works of Vicksbnsg. They have mounted siege guns and opened fire without doing damage. So far our loss (rebel) in the whole series of Grant's attacks is 6,000. No fear is entertained in regard to the subsistence of the garrison of Vicksburg. HARRISBURG, June 20. Operations were commenced on our side to-dsy by a portion of a New York cavalry regi-

ent, capturing twenty rebel prisoners at Moonnelaburg, in Fulton county. Col. Lawrence, with a portion of the 127th Pennsylvania regiment (mounted), captured a squad of rebels who were marauding on this de of the river.

We hold Chambersburg and the citizens are arming and fortifying the city. Gen. Couch and ordered that the place be held.

The fortifications opposite this city are fin-shed and are considered impregnable. The rebels are known to be 8,000 strong at The rebels are known to be 6,000 strong at llagerstown and Williamsport.

The rebels hold the north bank of the Potomac river, from Cumberland to Harper's Ferry.

Gen. Kelly drove them out of Cumberland, and when they left they threatened to return and furnish themselves with horses and forage. The rebels have done an immense amount o

Capt. Nelson, of the pilot-boat Chas. Marfall, teports that on the 17th she saw the fishing schooner Rose of Boston, whose Captain reported being boarded the day previous by a pirate, thirty miles north-east of Nantucket. The pirate took all the pork and two barrels of mackerel from the Rose and let her go, saying he would not hurt poor men. The pirate afterwards came along side the pilot and inquire trawards came along side the pilot and inquire. damage.
It is thought Gen. Rhodes is opposite Willisms; ort with 20,000 men. The rebel Gen.
Imboden is reported as advancing, but this is considered doubtful. ne would not nutr poor men. The pirate af-terwards came along side the pilot and inquir-ed for a square-rigged vessel. The pirate is a three-masted, English-built schooner, carries three guns, and hoists British colors. Admiral Foote, whose sickness has been al-ready announced, still lingers, but without the slightest prospect of recovery. Lastgreen-[Times' Special.] HARRISBURG, June 20. A heavy force of rebels continues to linger in the vicinity of Hagerstown and Williams-port. Scouts sent out from Chambersburg report that their movements this morning indicato a retreat to the other side of the ing a consultation of physicians was held and the opinion was general among them that he would hardly survive the night. He was alive, Gen. Milroy is on the alert for them. direction of McConnellsville and Bedford. Gen. Milroy is on the alert for them.

Governor Seymour has arrived in the city. We bear that Adjutant General Sprague ar-Official advices from Vicksburg of the 16th int. are received. The siege progresses slowly but surely. Our total loss during the past week is estimated at less than forty; not over rived yesterday, and that efforts will be made to equ p, with all laste, the remaining regi-ments that they may be despatched to Pennweek is estimated a ries than lorty, not over eight or ten were killed.

The garrison continued a vigorous firing of musketry shells up to the time the despatches were written, but with no snecess.

An attack from Johnston was looked for sylvania.
The Thirteenth and Twenty-eighth regiments of Brooklyn left this morning for His-

Memphis, Jnue 19, via Caino, June 21.

daily, but each day lessens his chances of ac-complishing anything. The steemer Massichusetts has arrived, having in tow the Confiderate steamer Calypso as a prize from Wilmington to this port.

Thursday night week the celebrated block-The guerillas are still active at various points on the Miss ssippi. Nothing has been heard from the cavalry expedition seut out by Gen. ade tunner Herald, from Nassau, was sunk on Foley Island by the fire of our blockaders, within three hundred yards of the batteries. The fate of her officers and crew is unknown, 15.—There is increased cannonading this morning. Logan's division is reported to be ens broadside after broadside was fire i into her gsged. The enemy is resisting our advance on the central portion of the ln?.

It is thought that the rebels are expending

The blockade off Charleston is perfect.
The fleet hereafter will not want to capture, but will fire broadsides into blockade-runners until they sink or surrender. the remainder of their ammunition before final capitulation. Johnston is ascertained to be fortifying the east bank of the Big Black river.

A late Vickshurg paper, received at hend-quirters, contains nothing important, but speaks of severe casualties. The Herald was under another name at the

NEW YORK, June 20.
Commissioner Doane bas received a letter from Fort Scott, Kansas, giving an account of the destruction of a rebel mission into New Mexico Rud Colorado to organize, enroi, and Philanelphia, June 21, 2:30 A. M. The following is all the news of interest in The following is all the news of interest in the Washingtou Star:

Major Beazell, of the United States Volunteers, received intelligence from Fayette county, I'enn., this morning that the rebels in heavy force were advancing on Pittsburg via the National road leading from Cumberland across the Allegheny Mountains. Their pickets had reached Grantsville, Md., thirty-eight miles muster into the Confederate service all the pro-slavery material of those Territorios. There were nincteen in the embassy. In passing through the territory of the Osages they were attacked and surrounded. Their white fisg was disregarded and the whole party were killed, scalped, and decapitited. In the party were three Colonels, one Lientenant-Colonel, one Major, and four Captains. rom Uniostowu, Fayette county, Penn., on Wednesday evening last.

It is reported in Washington to-day that two members of Hooker's staff were gobble I up by guerillas last night in the vicinity of Fair-

Information received here suys Grant will undoubtedly take Vickshurg. Ten days ago he entreuched his position on the Big Black, in the rear of Walnut Hills. He is perfectly BALTIMORE, June 21. A party who left Frederick this morning says the rebels who came there last evening were only a small squad who passed through the town, captured a few horses, stayed an hour or Iwo, and then left. This squad of able to defeat any force which may be sent against him, and Johnston cannot collect forces sufficient to dislodge bim before the mines shall have been exploded and the city bebels were in pursuit of our signal corps from South Mountain. David Blazor, 4th Indiana battery, was shot

Our informant says no rebels were known to be nearer than South Mountain when he left Frederick, at 8 o'clock. The City Conneil met last night and appropriated \$100,000 for the defence of the city. lar ation, and urging a vigorous prosecution of the war, without regard to cost or sacrifice, until the last rebel is disarmed. HARRISAURG, June 20. A special to the Herald says: The rebel force

in llagerstown this morning was 150 cavalry. They have forces concentrated between Hagerstown and Williamsport.

A report that the rebels were within two miles of York caused a general stampede this moining. It proved to be unfounded, and order was soen restored,
From beyond Greencastle our scouts report to signs of the enemy. There are between fifty and sixty companies of Pennsylvania militia, and everything looks more cheerful. The trouble in Holmes county is over, and the leaders of the movement to resist the en-rolment and draft were given np, and all is

BALTIMOR June 21. Information has been received that Frederick was occupied by a small force of rebels last evening about 5 o'clock. The rebel pickets last night extended thirteen miles east on the Fredericksburg turnpike. There is no panic in the city.

Gen. Schenck has issued an order suppress ng dis'oyal papers in this departmen as fol-

BALTIMORE, Juno 20. }
The following newspapers have been supressed within the limits of this department and the local press will not hereafter be allowed to publish extracts from their columns, hy order of the General commanding: the New York World, New York Express, Cincinnati Enquirer, Chicago Times, and New York W. S. FISH, Lient.-Col. and Pro. Mar. SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 20.

HEAOQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, ]

Eight men from Macon county were i dicted before Judge Trent, in the United States Circuit Court, to-day, for conspiracy to prevent the arrest of desorters. Six of the same party were indicted for concealing and harboring deserters. WASHINGTON, June 21.

It is stated that old Mr. Frank Blair has addressed a letter to the President setting forth his reasons why Gen. McClellan should he res ored to a command here.

QUARTERMASTERS' & COMMISSARY

CLAIMS

BOUGHT AT LOWEST RATES.

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS SATURDAY.

Gen. Bnell, Cin.
Lady Jackson, Cin.

Emma Floyd, Cln.
J. T. McCombs, Hend. Gen. Bnell, Cin. Emma Fleyd, Cin. Ludy Jacksen, Memphis.

Maj. Andersen, Cin. DEPARTURES YESTEROAY.
Maj. Anderson, Cln.

noon to-day. The Havana is the Handerson packet this afternoon The splendid Liberty No. 2 will leave promptly for Memphis to morrow evening at 5 o'clock.
The Hetty Gilmore leaves to-day at 5 u'clock for

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, SATURDAY, June 20, 1863. The market remains the same, and we have no change of quotations to make. There is nothing doing of consequence. Monetary matters are creating vary little excitement, although thoro is a decided downward tendency in gold and silver. We quote the former at 40@41 % cent buying and 45@46 seiling, and the latter we quote at 29@30 % cent buying. Demand notes 30@40, and scarco. Exchange is having at 1/2/3/ my Kentucky notes at 1 % cent, and Indiana notes at 2-@1 P cent premium. We quote the notes of the three old hanks of Tennessee at 12@13 B cent discount. Gov-

worthy of uo!ice.
Tallow-Held at 10c, but this is above the views of CHEESE-Lower-9@914c KGos-Light sales at 8@10c ₹ dozen. GROCERIES—Unchanged; cales sugar in hhds at 13@ 13½c; yellow in bbls at 13½@14c; crushed and refined sugar at 16@16½c, a few bbls old New York molasses at

SHOTE-\$3@3 25. MACKEBEL IN KITS-No. 1 \$2 25, No. 2 \$2. WHISKEY-Sales at 67 bbls at 41c B gallon. FLAXSEED-No sales. LINSEED OIL-Sales at \$1 35 % gallon. APPLES-Ssles of Northern apples at \$2 50@3 50.

Deied Fruit-Apples, \$1 40@1 50. Peaches, \$3 50. HAY-Unchanged. Light sales at \$13@19 \$ ton. Buttes-Selling from 12@15c.

Wool-Washed wool 55@60c, in crease 35@46c. POTATOES—Sale of 500 bhis at \$2 50 % bbl.
TOBACCO—Prices having declined somewhat, hut 42 hhds were Offered on Saturday, which sold as follows: 4 at \$6@7, 4 at \$8, 5 at \$9, 6 at \$10, t at \$11, 3 at \$12, 2 sc \$13, 6 at \$14, 4 at \$15, I at \$16, 1 at \$17, and 2 at \$18 Note-Fraotions of dollars emitted.

or Rectia.

London, June 2, 1863.

With reference to our last report on the tobacco mareet, under date 4th ultimo, we have merely to observe int the article has not undergone any perceptible aleration, being in the state of calm usually experimed at this season.

Western Leaf was again the chief article in request, and purchases were made as well for Ireland as home ade. In other descriptions the demand was barely ifficient to give reality to quotatious, but as holders we generally abstanced from pressing sales, for mer tes are supported, although in some instances conson qualities, both leaf and artips may be bought on sier terms.

ited at only 867 blids. There is no noticeable change in prices, and all cur-nt descriptions are bold firmly, especially the better asses of Kentucky, both leaf and stemmed. STEAMBOATS.

For Green River and Howling Green.
Leaves this day, 22d inst, at 5 P. M., positively.
Leaves this day, 22d inst, at 5 P. M., positively.
Instrumental Heaves as above, For freight or passace apply on board or transfer and property of the passace apply on board or transfer. Modiffeed & Co., Agents.

For Owenshoro, Evansville, and Henderson 11AVANA Will leave me above on this day, the
22d Inst., at 5 P. M. For freight or
parsage apply on board or 10
122 MOORHEAD & CO., Agents

For Mailisan, Curroliton, & Kentucky River.
The hus, spicified passenger steamer
MASONIC GEM, Cap. John Hamitday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 o'clock M., positively, from the loot of Fourth street.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,
jus dtf Nos. 143 and 145 Fourth st.

plication to
MOORHEAD & CO., or
T. M. ERWIN, Agents.
Fourth at., bet. Main and River. m21 dtf BEGULAR PACKET-U.S.MAIL MORNING LINE
Connecting at Cincinnati with Early Eastern Trains
FOR CINCINNATI.
The magnificeut passenger steament

W.B. BELKNAP & CO., IRON MERCHANTS,

1,000 TONS ASS'D IRON & STEEL, 3,000 KEGS NAILS AND SPIKES, 1,000 KEGS HORSE & MULE SHOES, 7,000 LBS HORSE & MULE NAILS.

BLOCK TIN, LEAD, AND SPELTER. All of which we are selling as low as can be bought of the manufacturers in small quantities. We also buy OLD METALS, such as Iron, Copperand Brass, for which we pay the market price.

fy Mon&Thurtfie

BOYS' AND GIRLS' ESTABLISHMENT. East side of Third st., between Walnut and Gathrie, next door to Calvary Church.

M BS. NAUTS KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND a large stock of goods for the making of Boyrs and Girle Clothing, and also has Ready-made Olothes for Childran in stock, such as— Boys' Snits, Jackets, Flants, Coats, and Waistooths Girls' Presses, Infants' Sacks, Bonnets, Cloaks, &c. Children's Clothee fashionably cut and made at the shortest possible notice. Patterns received regularly from Paris of tha very latest fashions.

THE AMERICAN HOUSE BOSTON

The river centinues to fall slowly, with 2 feet 12 inches water in the canal. Weather clear, hat very cool-consequent on another hall-storm semewhere. The General Bueli is the mailboat for Clucinustiat

The Mercury leaves for St. Louis this morning at 10

nment certificates of indebtedness are hought at 98%. Southern currency is quoted at 50 B can discount. Eastern exchange in demand at 10% B

cent discount buying, and par@16 premium selling. FLOUR AND GRAIN-Flour nominal, with light sales at \$4 50%5 for superfine, and \$6%6 25 for extra fameily. Sa'es 1,500 bushels whent at \$1 00%1 05 for red and white. We quote corn at 55c for ear and shelled. Sales of rye at 65c. Oats are dull at 60@65c from wagons. Barley at \$1 25@1 30. Sales shipstuffs at \$20 % ton. shorts at \$16, and bran at \$13. PROVISIONS-Market dull and nothing doing. Old mess pork nominal at \$9; new at \$136013 50. Bulk meats dull at 4c for shoulders, 5c for sides, and 6c for hams. No demand for bacon, except hams, which are selling ln iots at 7120 for country, 9c for plain canvassed loose, and 10'ec for sugar-enrod. Shoulders and sides

are nominal at 412@5c. No transactions in lard 65c, and new at 70c. Sales Rio coffee at 32@33c.
Corron Yaans-Unchanged. Sales of No. 503 at 42.

@44c. Cotton twins 80@85c. SHEETINGS—Sales G. W. at 32c.

OXLEY'S MONTHLY TOBACCO CIRCULAR.

Prices entrent-Western Leaf 12 to 26; stemmed ort 28 to 26s. LIVERPOOL, Jnne 3,1843.

Since our circular of May 5, nothing of the smallest interest has occurred in this tobace, market tending using wny to influence the operations of parties dealing in the new crop. The sales of the mouth are committed at only 567 hids.

LIBERTY NO. 2. CONNER, master, Will leave on The slay, the 23d inst., at 5 P. M. For freight or passage npply on board or to MOORIIEAD & CO., Agents.

MERCURY.

Will leave this day, tuo 22d met. at 10A.M. For freight or passage apply on board or to 122

For Cairo and Memphis. 

jn3 dtf Memphis and Lonleville U. S. Mail Line.

REGILAR MONDAY PACKET.

The new and fast passenger steamer

LIBERTY NO.2, bwing been purchased

swille for Memphis punctually every MONDAY

EVENING, stoccieck, from Portland wharf, taking

freight and passengers to all principal landings on
the Obio and permitable points on the Mississippl to

Memplis. Set State-rooms may be secured and freight engaged a advance on application to

The magnificent passenger steamers MAJ. ANDERSON, HILDRATH, master, GEN. BUELL, WHITTON, master. One of the above steamers will leave for the above port daily at 12 n'clock M.

For freight or passage, apply on board nr to JOSEPH OAMPION, Agent. Office at the Wharfboat, foot of Third st.

CORNER MAIN AND THIED STREETS

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HOLLOW-WARE CASTINGS. FAIRBANKS' SCALES. MANILLA CORDAGE

MRS. A. NAUTS.

Patterns received tegens.

Pinking of most elegant styles dona.

Pinking of most elegant styles dona.

Mrs. Nante also keeps an assortment of Articles for
Ladice Toilet, jucluding Fancy Soaps, Powders,
Bouges, Combs, Brushes, Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorsmarch 13 codisin

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS.
Bellows, Vices, Hammers, Files, &c. PLOUGH-MAKERS' MATERIALS.

STATEMENT OF MAJ. GEN. BUELL, IN REVIEW OF THE EVIDENCE BEFORE THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

The investigations of this Commission have not gone further back than shortly after the evacuation of Corinth by ths rebel army, in May last; and it might, perhaps, be expected that this review of my command in Kentucky and Tennessee would not go beyond that period; but I have, for more than a year, remained silent, under misrepresentations which have misled tho public mind with reference to the administration of my command. I deem it proper, therefore, to skstch, briefly, the history of the army I recently commanded, and of my connection with it, for the peed, and of my connection with it, for the period anterior to the time to which this invest ion has extended. It is proper also, as

gation has extended. It is proper also, as bearing on subjects that have been investigated, because many circumstances connected with it shaped or inflected the subsequent operatious under my command.

In the early part of November, 1861, the condition of affairs in Kentucky became the subject of the most anxions solicited to the Government and throughout the country. One third of the State was in the possession of the rebel forces, under whose protection a provisional government was inaugurated at Russellville. It was supposed that the Union element was confined, for the most part, to the old men; that the mass of the young men old men; that the mass of the young men were nn the eve of joining the rebel cause, and hat nothing but extraordinary exertion judicious management could rescus the State from the vortex toward which the excitement of revolution was rapidly carrying her. This was certainly an unjust reflection on the loyalty of the State; but there is no doubt that the presence of a large rebel force rendered the occasion critical.

It was unexpectedly announced to me, about the 9th of November, that I was to be charged with this weighty responsibility. I received general instructions from the General-in-Chief, Major-General McClellan, on the night of the 12th, and on the 15th of November I assumed command, at Louisville, of the new department of the Ohio, embracing the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, that portion of Kentcky east of the Cumberland river, and the

The enemy, under the command of Gen. Sidney Johason, was in possession of Bowling Green, with according to the best informavance guard extending to Munfordville. luding Hopkinsville and other points, his orce north of the Camberland amounted probably to thirty-five thousand men. He had a small force at Fort Honry, on the Tennesseriver, and Fort Donelson, on the Cumberland and he had railroad communication with Columbus, on the Mississippi, where he had a large force, and with Mushville and all points ith and east. These facilities enabled him to conceutrate at any point, in a very short time, all the force in the Confederacy not required for defence elsewhere. At that time he could hardly be said to be threatened in any quarter except in front of Washington. The coast expeditions had not been inaugurated and our torco in Missonri was not yet prepared to operate beyond the limits of that State. He had also a small force, not probably exceeding two thousand five hnndred men, under llum-phrey Marshall, threatening the northeastern part of Kentucky, through Pound Gap, and a considerable force under General Zollicoffer, at Cumberland Gap and on the road north o hese last had recently been comp fall back from an attempt to invade the central part of the State, but they were still in n position to renew the effort. In addition to his, the population was in a state of great disquiet. Bands were constantly organizing to oin the rebel ranks and intimidate the loyal people; and in some parts of the State the Union element scarcely dared to express itself.

Kentucky at this time was the point which offered to the enemy the best prospect of ad-

vantage. His intention to have possession of Louisville within a limited period was constantly avowed. The disloyal element confidently expected it; and if the Government force had not been speedily increased, the attempt would no doubt have been made. As to arrive, he commenced fortifying strongly at Bowling Green and other points.
In reality, the effective Government torce which I found in Kentucky consisted of two divisions, about twenty-three thousand men, on the Cuberland Gap road and the Nash-ville road, and about four thousand men on the Big Sandy, in the northeast part of the State; but there were besides some forty or more Kentucky regiments or frac-tions of regiments scattered over the State

n recruiting districts, that were more o less available for local service. Very many, in fact nearly all of them were not yet mustered in; many without arms, equipments, or proper ricus arms of service, artillery, cavalry, and infantry. In the whole force were included about eight field batteries and four regiments of cavalry. The latter were all without any snitable arms—some had pistols only and some muskets. There was not, I believe carbine in the hands of the troops. In th infantry, arms of two or three different call-bres could frequently be found in the same regiment, and many of these were of foreign make and unfit for service from various dects which rendered them unsafe or unrelia-le. The troops were but little instructed some of them not at all, and four or five Gen eral and perhaps as mnny statf officers em-braced the whole military experience in the Department. Officers having no rank whatever were acting as Generals and staff officers under conditioned promises of appointment; and the supplies and equipment were in many respects deficient and defective. There was respects dencient and detective. There was not transportation enough not already employed to serve twenty thousand men two days' march from a depot or line of railroad.

The first thing to be done was to organize, arm, equip, and mobilize this heterogeneous mass; and this was both a difficult and tedious work. The Kentucky troops had to be col-

work. The Kentucky troops had to be collected from remote quarters and the fractions consolidated and organized—a work which the Military Board of the State had commenced before my arrival. Supplies of every kind had to be procured—a difficult matter, owing to the quantity suddenly required to supply the engrous force the government, was called the enormous force the government was ca ing into service. In a word, pretty much everything necessary to make an army of sol-diers had to be done. But little assistance staff officers could not be obtained. I expect d two regular batteries from Missouri. Ahou the first of January two companies of artille y, without batteries, making together about seventy men, with one officer, reported to me. The expectation of a regiments of regular cavarry resulted even worse than that. After my arrival at Nashville two companies reported with about seventy men. New regiments began to report occasionally very soon after my rival, and from the 26th of November to the arrival, and from the 20th of November to the 1st of January several regiments that had seen some service joined from Western Virginia. About the last of December some fourteen raw regiments were received from Ohio and Indiana. The force was afterward further increased from time to time. In the meantime

the enemy had also received considerable accessions to his strength.

The organization of the troops into Brigades and Divisions was effected without delay as fast as they arrived. It was made a rule in the organization act to group the regiments by States, but to represent as many States as possible in each brigade—an arrangement which was attended with the happiest results in the discipline and tone of the army. The instructions which I received, on leaving Washington, pressed upon me the importance

of sending a column into East Tennnessee. While the organization of my army, and the preparation of transportation to enable it to move, were going on, I studied the subject very carefully, and also suggested a plan of campaign against Nashville, and expressed my views very fally to the General-in-Chief with reference to both. I said that the campaign to East Tennessee would give occupation to thirty thousand men—twenty thousand to enthirty thousand men—twenty thousand to enter the State, with a reserve of ten thousand on the line of communications; and I stated what means would be required to supply the force at such a distance—two hundred miles by wagon transportation, a good part of the wny through a barren mountainons region. For a campaign against Nashville, I proposed to march rapidly against that city, passing to the left of Bowling Green, through Glasgow and Gallatin, while a force from Missonri should ascend the Cumberland River under the protection of gunboats. This was essential, because, to make the movement successful, it would be necessary to move very light, and depend on receiving movement successful, it would be necessary to move very light, and depend on receiving sunplies by the Cumberland River after getting through. In organizing my troops, I disposed them so that they could be directed upon either or both of these objects. By the last of December I had collected troops enough to organize four divisions—about forty thousand organize four divisions—about forty thous and men. I had thrown one division forward to Munfordville, one to Bacon Creek, on the same road, one near Green river, on the New Many of the Kentneky troops were yet scat-tered and not mustered in, but in some cases two or more regiments had been brought toments added from other States—as at Calhoon, where there were perhaps six thousand men for the protection of the Green river country, and at Columbia perhaps three thousand. Other new regiments were rendezvousing at Bardstown for organization and preparation for service. As yet the most strenuous efforts had not succeeded in obtaining the necessary means of transportation for an advance.

About the middle of December Humphrey Marshall again invaded the State through Pikeville, with about twenty-five hundred ments added from other States—as at Calhoon,

hall into Northeastern Kentucky General colii offer mado his appearance on the Cum-erland River, near Somerset. Ilis force was beriand River, near Somerset. His force was represented at twelve thousand men, but probably did not exceed eight thousand. The force sent for that purpose and to observe his movements failed to prevent him from crossing. I had previously kept a regiment at Somerset, and ordered the erection of a small work both to watch that route into the Stato work, both to watch that route into the Stato and to prevent the shipment of coal to Nashville. Zollicoffer crossed at Mill Spring and intrenched himself on the north bank of the river. On the 27th of December 1 ordered Gen. Thomas to march from Lebanon and attack him in conjunction with the force already at Somerset, and at the sams time sent two regiments of infantry and a battery of artillery to Jamestown to blockade the river, a steamer having already passed up with supplies for the enemy at Mill Spring.

Want of transportation delaysd General Thomas's departure until the 1st of January. The weather had previously been tolerably good, but that very day the rainy season set in, and from that time until near the end of work, both to watch that route into the Stato

in, and from that time until near the end of March the earth was thoroughly saturated, and every stream was flooded. The season in that respect was remarkable. The difficulties that respect was remarkabls. The difficulties of the march were so great that Gen. Thomas only arrived at a position twelve miles from Mill Spring, and about seventy-five miles from Lebanon, on the 18th. The enemy came ont and attacked him at daylight on the morning of the 19th. The result was a signal vice tory to our arms. The enemy was a signal vic-tory to our arms. The enemy was pursued to his intrenchments, and during the night crossed the river. He lost a considerable number of men in killed, wounded, and prisers, fonrteen pieces of artillery, some fourteen hundred animals, and a largs amount of other property and stores. General Zollicoffer was

The battle of Mill Spring was at that time one of the most important that had occurred during the war, and the victory was, I helieve, he first the Union arms nchieved where the crees engaged were so large; but the lack of ransportation and the condition of the roads transportation and the condition of the roads rendered it impossible to follow it np.

Owing to the delay in procuring sufficient transportation for the expedition to East Tennessee, I had regarded the, campaign against Nashville as the one which it would be necessary to enter upon first, in order to save time. I was waiting for the arrangement of the necessary concert between the forces on the Mississippi and my own to companie it.

the Mississippi and my own to commence it when, owing to the illness of the General-in Chief, and at the request of the President, I wrote, on the 3d of January, to Major-General Hallack, who was in command in Misouri, and proposed substantially the sams olan I had submitted to the General-in-Chief, and substantially the same as that which afterwards resulted in the capture of Fort Henry, Fort Donelson, and Nashville. It contemlated an advance upon Nashville through Kentucky, a strong demonstration, which night he converted into a real attack against umbns, if the enemy should weaken that ened, and an advance of twenty thousand men up the Tennessec and Cumberland Rivers, under the protection of gunboats. Such a lorce I deemed sufficient, at that time, for the works at Forts Henry and Donelson had as yet no great strength, and were but feebly armed and gnrrisoned. If, nuder the protection of the gunboats, the expeditions should be threatened by a superior force, they were to unite and make themselves secure unti released by my advance upon Nashville. At that time I expected that the expedition already commenced against the enemy at Mill Spring would be fully accomplished in

ten days, and General Thomas's troops in Gen. Halleck replied to my proposition that he had not spare force enough to undertake it, and suggested the objection that the proposed operation was one upon outer lines, but he of-fered to make a demonstration from Paducah toward Columbus. These facts explain in part why I was not prepared to act as promptly as I could otherwise have done when Gon. Halleck subsequently commenced his advance np the Tennessee river. He stated, also, that hoped in a few weeks to be able to render me material assistance. A mere demonstra-tion, not in sufficient force to take a decided tion, not in sufficient force to take a decided part in the campaign, would have been of no avail, because either my advance must be rapid directly against Nashville by flanking Bowling Green—nu essential condition of which would be that I should meet supplies transported up the Cumberland—or else it must be deliberate, and with heavy artillery, against Bowling Green, strengthened as that position was by fortifications on both sides of Barren river; and I had not then the mean necessary. river; and I had not then the means necessary for such an operation. Besides, I received, about the same time, communications from the President and the General-in-Chief, urging the expedition to East Tennessee as of primating the march, that it was on the west hank; mportance. I therefore gave my attention | hut I was relieved from anxiety by the inforry importance. I therefore gave my attention to it, intending to start that expedition from mation that it was so protected by high water in the streams which interposed between it Somerset, with the troons that were moving against the enemy at Mill Spring. The preparation of transportation was nrged forward, and a strong force was set to work to cordurey the road to render it practicable. Nevertheless it was barely possible to subsist the ten thousand men at Somerset. The experiment demonstrated the impracticability of sending as to insure success in the present condition of the roads; and on the 1st of February I so advised the General-in-Chief in a letter with full

explanations, and expressed my purpose to proceed against Bowling Green. I had had no communication with General Halleck since his reply to my letter of the 31 of January, but on the 30th I received a dospatch from him, saying, without giving particulars, that he had ordered an expedition against Fort Henry. The same day I suggested to him, by letter, a rapid gunboat expedition up the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers to destroy bridges over those streams. Although Forts Heury and Donelson had been considerably strengthened, I believed the gunboats could be a stream with the strength of th of that place, which occurred on the 7th, but ook part in the subsequent operations against

Fort Donelson.

Gen. Halleck found great difficulty in the movement against Fort Donelson, although the distance from Fort Henry was only about twelve miles. The enemy had greatly strengthened the works and increased the garrison. Protected as Bowling Green was by fortifications, the formidable river in front, and by the conditions of the reads I apprehended by the conditions of the reads. the condition of the roads, I apprehended that ny operations against that place could not be rapid enough to prevent the enemy from rein-forcing Fort Donelson so strongly as to endan-ger the success of Gen. Halleck's operations. Jpon consultation with him, therefore, I com-nenced, on the 13th, the movement of three ivisions to reinforce him by water, which place certain, but give force enough to operate against Nashville on that line, while the rest against Nashville on that line, while the rest of my force was threatening Bowling Green in front. The advance of Gen. Mitchel's division arrived opposite Bowling Green on the morning of the 14th, and found the bridge in flames and the enemy evacuating the place. That officer was directed to cross rapidly and throw a force forward towards Nashville; and the advance on that line was strengthened by a advance on that line was strengthened by a division which was to have gone to the Cum-

berland. The operation of passing the river at Bowling Green, in its swollen condition, was diffi-cult and tedieus. The advanced division, Gen. Mitchel's did not get entirely over for ten days, notwithstanding the energy of that officer. While this was going on, the troops in rear were employed in repairing the rail-road. On the 24th, the river was so high that small attenders were taken over the broken road. On the 24th, the five, was small steamers were taken over the broken dams, and renched Bowling Green with supplies and to assist in ferrying. About the same time a pontoon bridge was laid, and, nlthough the overflow of the banks seriously interfered, yet the troops were able to pass with comparative rapidity.

In the meantime I was informed, about the light of the surrouder of Foot Develope the

In the meantme! was informed, about the 17th, of the surrender of Fort Donelson. I arrived at Bowling Green on the 20th, and on the 21st learned that the enemy had evacuated Clarksville and fallen back on Nashville, and that be had burned the bridges at Nashville, On the morning of the 22d, the troops that had recessed the river at Realing Cross that had crossed the river at Baling Green, two brigades and n half, started for Nashville without wagons, very few having yet been got across. With about 1,000 men on cars, which the cnemy had not succeeded in carrying off or destroying, I expected to reach within nine miles of Nashville that night; but a heavy rain destroyed the road in ndvance of us, and I did not reach the river opposite Nashville until the night of the 24th. The remainder of the troops arrived at the same time by marching. I had telegraphed Gen. Halleck, and sent a conrier through to Clarksville, giving information of my movements, and requesting that the gunboats should proceed at once up the river. I apprehended that they would meet one battery on the way, but they arrived without molestation on the night of the 24th, convoying the transports with the troops of Gen. Nelson and Gen. Crittenden, threo brigades; and, on the morning of the 25th, the troops entered Nashville, and took position beyond the city, towards Murfreesboro, the

enemy having retired to that place. The river was out of its hanks, and the work of crossing was tedious. Gen. Milchel's division passed over ou the 25th and 26th, and the other divisions as rapidly as possible, but the whole had not crossed until about the 5th of March. Gen. Thomas's division arrived by water on the 2d. The troops moved by forced

what was co'e teleftue it ops that were detion with the forces of Gen. Beuregard, at Corintb. A pursuit with the hope of overtaking it nn its line of mnrcb would have been futile for that object, even if the force had been np to commence it at once; for ever stream was flooded, and every bridge was do-stroyed as the enemy retired. The only al-ternative-was to operate deliberately against some line or point which it was his object to defend, and the Memphis and Charleston Rail-road presented such an object. It was the

same for the forces that were operating up the Tenaeseeo river, under the orders of Maj. Gen. Halleck, more particularly against the enemy's forces that by the recent operations had been compelled to evacuate the principal part of West Tennessee. It was necessary that one forces should act in concert against that obect; better still that they should act under one direction; and the order of the War Deartment, which I received on the 12th of larch, placing the whole force under General Halleck's command, was, therefore, eminently proper. On the 15th I commenced the movement toward the Tennessee river, in pursnance of the understanding which had vol-untarily taken place between as before the orders of the War Department were received. Gen. Halleck's despetch of the 16th designa-ted Savannah as the point where I was to form a junction with the force already assembling the Tennessee river.

Before leaving Nashville I sent Brigadier-General G. W. Morgan to take command of a column I had left on the Comberland Gap road, which was increased to a division by scattered regiments that remained in Ken-tncky. He was instructed to pursue with energy and discretion the object of taking Cumberland Gap, and for his further progress to be governed by circumstances in East Tennessee, or to hold the enemy in check in that quarter, if his force should progressions insufficient to be it his force should prove insufficient to advance. The operations of this column have been investigated partially hy the commis-sion, and I shall allude to them again in that connection. I also moved General Mitchel's division forward to Favetteville, twenty-six miles from Huntsville, for the purpose of seizing the Memphis and Charleston road. The enemy withdrew his troops from that line, cx-cepting small guards, and Gen. Mitchel on the 12th of April, five days after the battle of Shi-loh, entered Iluntsville. Various other dis-positions and instructions were male with reference to the troops that were to occupy Middle Tennessee during my absence with the main army. The latter numbered about thirtyseven thousand men; the former about eigh-

The march toward the Tennessee river, on

teen thousand.

The march toward the Tennessee river, on the 15th of Mnrch, commenced with one division, preceded by a rapid movement of cavalry, to get possession of the bridges as far as Columbin before the enemy could destroy them. It succeeded with all of the bridges excepting the one over Duck river, at Columbin and one four miles north of that place bia, and one four miles north of that place The work of preparing tho means of crossing Duck river was urged forward by all possible means, and was under the charge of zoalons and energetic officers; but it was not compleand energetic bilders, but it was not completed until the 31st of March. The river, which, at first forty feet deep, had been gradually receding, was watched day by day, and finally became fordable for cavalry the very day the bridges were completed. The army then moved forward steadily, the advance and myself reaching Savanuah, about ninety miles from Columbia, on the evening of the 5th of April. The other divisions followed, with inervals of six miles from the head of one divison to the head of the noxt.

The battle of Shiloh, which occurred on the 6th and 7th of April, has been justly considered one of the most remarkable of the war, in regard to the numbers engaged, the reverses of the first day and the success of the second. The particulars, so far as my command was concerned, have been given in my official report of that hattle, horeunto appended, and it is not necessary to repeat them. I believe that report states, in very moderate terms, the part which my command took in the incidents of that field. It has been con-ceded that my army rescned our forces, on the west bank of the Tennessee, from certain dostruction or capture; and the movement which preceded the battle was prompt and even rapid. I marched from Nashville not to rescue those forces, but to form a junction with them to operate against the enemy's position at Corinth; and it was desirable, and Gen. Halleck's instructions required me, to effect the junction

and the enemy, and nearly surrounded it, as to be perfectly secure. lt is not necessary to go into the particulars of the campaign against Corinth. My command formed the centre in the advance on that place. By Gen. Ilalleck's order, one of my divisions—Gen. Thomas's—served with Gen. Grant's command in that advance, and did not again come under my supervision, or actually under my control, until about the last of July. The enemy's works were entered about daylight on the morning of the 29th, having been evacuated the previous night.

I come now to the period embraced in the investigations of the Commission, and proceed to a general review of the more material I come now to the period embraced in the investigations of the Commission, and proceed to a general review of the more material facts which have been developed in the evidence. I shall do this without pretending to effer at present a nice nnalysis of the testimony, or, as a general rule, even citing that which bears ou the points which I claim to be established by it. No other course could well be pursued, because otherwise much time would be consumed in illustrating facts to which no importance might attach, as no specific charges or allegations have beer submitted for trial. Such an analysis could only he the charges of allegations have been submit-ted for trial. Such an analysis could only he made by me after knowing what points the Commission may give importance to. That I have no means of knowing now, a vast amount of cvidence, oral and documentary, having been suhmitted without any explained purpose, and which may be important or not, according to the interpretation or bearing given to it. Nor shall I remark upon any of

he incidents of this investigation.

The subjects submitted to the Commission by the War Department are as follows:
First. "In reference to Gen. Buell suffering the State of Kentncky to be invaded by the rebel forces under Gen. Bragg." Second. "In his failing to relieve Munford-ville, and suffering it to be captured."

Third. "In reference to the battle of Perry-ville and General Buell's conduct during that battle, and afterward suffering the rebel forces to escape from Kentucky without loss or

Fourth. "Such other matters touching the military operations aforesaid, as in the judgment of the Commission shall be beneficial to

On the 30th of May, after the evacuation of Corinth by the rebel forces, I received a communication from Major-General Halleck, informing me that his first object was to open the lines of railroad ceatering at that point from our rear and flanks, and directing me to put one of my divisions on that duty on the Mcmphis and Charleston road east of Corinth. I accordingly detached the division of General Wood on that service. The army of General Pope was following up the retiring enemy in the direction of Baldwin. On the 4th June I received instructions to reinforce General ope, near Boonville, with two divisions, in anticipation of an attack from the enemy. I accompanied those divisions myself. The enemy, however, continued his retreat toward Okalona; and on the 9th 1 received intima-

tion that a part of the force under my com-mand would return to Tennessee, and that I could make my arrangements accordingly. At my request I was nuthorized to start tho two divisions (Nelson's and Crittenden's) that were with me in that direction. General McCook's division, then at Corinth, was to remain there until relieved by General Thomas's division, which had also been sent to reinforce General Pope. General Thomas's division originally formed part of my army, but had been detached from my command but had been detached from my command since the commencement of the advance upon Corinth. I was informed that it would prob-

ably rejoin me at a future day for the movement toward Tennessee.

I stopped at General Hallock's headquarters on my return from Boonville, on the 10th, and visited them again on the lith; and during those visits received his oral instructions with reference to the campaign I was to enter upon. Its object was the occupation of least Tennessee and certain important points on the railroad through that region of country—Chattaaooga, Dalton, and Knoxville were points which it was considered important to occupy. I requested that I might be allowed to choose my own ronte; and at that interview General Halleck assented, though he had been in favor of moving directly on Chettanoors through North Makes. Chattaneoga through North Alabama; but on the 12th I received a despatch from him, say-ing that, on further reflection, he deemed it best that the route he had suggested should be pursued. My own idea had been to strike a little further north, through Middle Tennes-

scc and McMinnville.

General Halleck desired that the movement means of transportation for an advance.

About the middle of December Humphrey Marshall again invaded the State through Pikerille, with about twenty-five hundred men, though his force was represented ask or seven thousand. Ou the 17th I sent Colonel Garfield to take charge of a force of infantly and about a regiment of cavalry, and operate against him. Marshall was defected in two sharp engagements of the Big Sandy, near Prestonburg, and by about the middle of February was driven out not concur in his views in regard to the advan-tages of that route, and I immediately gave orders for repairing the roads from Nashville

even while it was kept open; so that substantially we derived no advantage from it. however, cccupied the troops until about the last of June in opening it, and detained Gen-cral Thomas's division a month longer in guarding it; so that that division did not reach Athens and Huntsville until the last

As soon as my destination was pointed out to me, instructions were given to my engineer officer, Captain Morton, to prepare the means of crossing the river at Florence, and similar of crossing the river at Florence, and similar instructions were given to General Mitchel, then commanding at Huntsville, for crossing a portion of my force at Decatur, so as to have the advantage of two roads and two crossings. A very efficient ferry was prepared at Florence, and a very lnefficient one Gen. McCook's division marched from Cor-

Inth on the 11th, and reached Florence on the 15th of June. It was followed closely by Crittenden's division, which had come into the road at Iuka from Boonville. Gen. Wood's was advanced to and beyond Thecumbia to repair and guard the road, while Gen. Nelson's took its place between Inka and Tusenmbia. The few boats that were of light enough draft were employed in forwarding supplies hy wa-ter to Florence; and in order to make np for the deficiency, wagon trains were put on the road from Eastport to luka, to connect with the single half-serviceable locomotive and the few cars that were available on the railroad. he boats were only able to carry from thirty to forty tons over the shoals, and after a few trips could not run at all; after which wagon trains were started on the north side of the river between Florence and Waterloo, nearly opposite Eastport. The ferry at Florence was ready for use on the 22d of June, and the crossing was commenced, but rumors of a movement of the enemy toward lukn sus-pended the forward movement from the oppo-site side nntil the 25th. Wagon trains were first site side until the 25th. Wagon trains were first put across and despatched to Reynold's Station, where they connected with the railroad trains from Nashville, to convey supplies over the gap in the road to Athens. Gen. Mitchell had previously been instructed to have supplies for a certain number of days, nntil the trains should be established, to meet the troops on their arrival at Athens and Decatnr. The divisions loved forward in close succession by marche of about fourteen miles a day-Nelson's and Wood's, as soon as they were relieved from the road by other troops. Wood's Division finished crossing at Decaurr on the 6th of July. The other three divisions, crossing at Flor-ence, commenced arriving at Athens on the 7th of June. The troops halted at these coints momentarily, and their trains were thrown into the gap on the railroad to push orward supplies.

The problem of advancing into East Ten-

nessee was now fairly before me. The force which I brought nlong numbered between twenty-four and twenty-five thousand effect-

ive men; and there wero besides about sixteen thousand more scattered through Middle Ten-

essee and North Alabama, that I had left be-ind for service in that region when I marched to form the junction with General Grant army on the Tennessee river in April. The force, mainly under the command of General Mitchel, has been generally awarded praise for the service it performed, and very justly, yet not more than two thousand men ever appeared on the field of its operations to oppose it. It was not the numbers of the enemy that made its service difficult and creditable, but it was the large extent of country it occupied, the length of the lines it had to guard, and the difficulty of supplying it. Those lines had still to be held in a further advance, nd with no less force to make them secure, for the force which endangered them had been largely increased by the transfer of a large part of the enemy's cavalry to the north side of the Tennessee river after the evacuation of Corinth, and by the organization of an additional force of guerillas throughout Middle Tennessee and North Alabama, and in the bouthv estern portion of Kentucky.

The limited force available for a further advance into the enemy's country was not how ever at the time of my arrival, the difficulty; for undonbtedly, it was superior to the force which the enemy at that moment had in East Tennessec. Experience has shown what might have been deduced from reason, that if the movement could have been made without serious registance, while the enemy was yet in rions resistance, while the enemy was vet inferior in force, it could have had no permaneut result with no more troops than I had. The advance of sixty thousand veteran rebel troops through a friendly population into Kentucky, where they undonbtedly met many friends, has been considered bold, and must have proved fatally disastrons to them but for their precipitate retreat. I know no reason why twenty-five or thirty thousand men should be sufficient to advance with any greater prospec of a permaneut advantage, into an exhausted and comparatively harron country, and in as lt was my error to believe at that enemy. It was my error to believe at that time that the thing was practicable, and I did not represent it otherwise whea I was assigned to the execution of it; but I must say nlso, in externation, that I did not anticipate that the enemy was to be left so unemployed at other points that he could devote his greatest effort against my enterprise. Besides, I re-garded it as in the highest degree important,

spared for it.

However, at the time of my arrival with my army in North Alabamn, the immeliate obstacle to the execution of the first step, the capture of Chattanooga, was that of supplies never produce more than an ample su meat and corn for their own use, and not al-ways that. Further north, Tennesseo produces considerable quantities of surplus provisious, but not enough to supply the demand further scuth, as is shown by the fact that large quantities of produce from the Northwesteru States have annually found a market at Nashville. The demand upon the surplus provisions of Tenuessee had been increased by the rebellion which cut off the supply from the north west and by the armies, tebel and Union, which during the winter and spring of 1862, ied upon the country to a considerable extent. North Alabama particularly was left in a condition to need the necessaries of life, instead of afording subsistene for nn army. East of Huntsville the spurs of the Cumberland Mountain run down nearly to the river, leaving only here and there a narrow valley or cove of ar-aible land. The whole country is rough and almost barren, producing no more than is necessary for the support of a poor and sparse population. East of Stevenson, as far as Chattanooga, it may be said to be destitute both of condition and sparsites. population and supplies. Beyond Chattanooga the productive region of East Tennessee commences; but during last summer it was exhausted of supplies, and the people themselves were, as they are now, notwitstanding the new crop they have siuco gathered, suf-fering for food. These facts go to the extent of rendering it impossible for my army to have advanced and depend on the resources of the country. The alternative of drawing its supplies from its principal base, the Ohio river, was imperative, and my wagon transporta-tion was not sufficient to cover breaks in the

and I supposed that no larger force could be

railroads north of Huntsville and to advance beyond Bridgeport at the ssme time.

The first essential, therefore, was the open-ing of the railroads from Nashville; and to that end the force which General Mitche had been ordered to put at that work was in had been ordered to put at that work was increased by engineer and other troops to the whole force that could be employed. Hired mechanics, under the military superintendent of railroads, an able and efficient mau at such work, were also employed; and orders were given to push forward the repairs with all possible despatch. But the work was much more formidable than had been supposed, and the work which I had expected to see completed in tenor fifteen days was not finished until the 31st of July, on the Nashville and Decatur alst of July, on the Nashville and Decatur road. The Nashville nud Chattanooga road was completed on the 12th of July; the trains started through on the 13th, and were stopped by the attack and surrender at Murireesboro, by which, and by subsequent successful at-tacks, the completion of that road was de-layed until the 28th of July.

In order to conceal the object, or at least the

In order to concean the object, or at least the progress, of my campaign as much as possible, it was desirable not to concentrate any force at a point which immediately threatened the enemy's position until I was prepared to move against him. This was also expedient from the necessity of placing the troops in positions where they could be most convenity subsisted and where they could conveniently subsisted, and where they could give the necessary assistance in repairing tho roads, and in guarding them until they should be securely established, and protected at the more vulnerable points by stockades or other defences which would enable a small force to maintain itself against a larger one. Prior to my arrival in North Alabama, however, Geu. of an attack on the positions which he occupied in that region, particularly at Battle Creek and nlong the Nashville and Chatta-nooga railroad; and repeated despatches from him nrged the pressing importance of rein-forcements to guard against the supposed danger. These reports of a probablo attack at Battle Creek were repented just after my arrival, and rendered it proper to increase the force at that point. McCook's and Crittenden's divisions were accordingly ordered there.

rowd west of that point available for applying my troops and communicating with the forces about Corinth. With those dispositions, orders were given for establishing the regular rond guards, and for getting together again the fragments of brigades and regiments previously there, which were found scattered in very great confusion; a brigade was organized to move from Murfreesboro and Tullahomn and occupy McMinnville; intelligent and energetic officers were put in chargs of the road guards and road repairs; mills were set to work to get out lumber for a pontoon bridge; horses were ordered for the cavalry, which had been left in Middlo Tennessee, and was in bad condition; and varions other was in bad condition; and various other preparations ordered to enable the troops to nove promptly and effectively as soon as the roads were completed so that supplies could be

## MARSHAL'S SALES.

[TO BE CONTINUED ]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

DISTRICT OF KENTRUKY:

WHEREAS, an Infermetion has been filed in the
District Court of the United States, within and
for the District of Kentneky, on the 9th day of Jane,
A. D. 1862, by Joshua Tevia, Bag., Atlorney for the
United States for the District of Kentneky, who proscentes herein, in behalf of the United States of America, against ntes nerein, in some of the ball of the and and 2 inches high, Une hay Mare, Syears old, 14 hands and 2 inches high, lon hay Mare, Syears old, 14 hands and 2 inchee high, alleging, in substance, that said hay mare was solved on land, in the District of Kentucky, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1855, as forfeited to the United States; that each mare was shipped from the State of Tenmessee on the 26th day of Mey, A. D. 1853, to the Stale of Kentucky, in violation of the Act of Congress and the proclemation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens and anhabitants of the rest of the United States and egainst theregniations of the Treasury Department of the United Niates; and that said mare became thereby forfeited to the nee of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the same that the came may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the same that the came may be condemned as forfeited as the same public notice to all persone elamining said mare, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Lonisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1863, then and there to interpress their allegations in that the laid.

H. O. McDOW Wille, U. S. M. E. D. Josett A Terme, U. S. Atterney.
Dated Lonisville, Jane 10, 1863.

Dated Lonisville, Jane 10, 1863.

UNITED STATES OF AMERIOA,
DISTRICT OF KENTUCY,
WHEREAS, a litel of information has been filed in
for the District Ornt of the United States, within and
for the District Court of the United States, within and
for the District Ornt of the United States against
Litely of the United States against
Litely of the United States against
137 barrels of Grosse,
alleging, in substance, that said goods and satisles
were seized on water at Lonisville, in the District of
Kentucky, on the 6th day of June, 1863, as forfeised to
the United States; that said articles were shipped
from the port of Nashville, in the District of Teanessee,
on the —dey of —, A. R. 1863, to the State of Ohio,
in violation of the Act of Congress and the proclamation of the President of the United States in Ard Ling
all commercial intercourse between the citizens
and Inhabitants of said State of Teanessee and the citizens
and Inhabitants of the rest of the United States,
and against the regulations of the Treasnry Deportment
of the United States; and that said articles became
thereby forfeited to the new of the United States of
America, and praying pracess against the same that
the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforessid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition nuder
the said of said Court te me directed and dolivered, I
do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming
said articles, or In any manner interested therein, the seal of said Court to me directed and dolivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they he and appear before the said District Court to be held at the city of Leuisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1853, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

JOSHUA TRVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated June S, A. D. 1863.

j9 dl4

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the evening. m2l dtf JOHN B. DAVIES, Soc'y.

AT A himsting of the institute, Held on Thursday evening, 19th inst., the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to wait npout the cilizens and solicit subscriptions to the institute. When Kaye, George Ainslie, John D. O'Leary, B. Donn, George W. Morris, Capt. J. H. Schroeder, and

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points Bast and Northeast.
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Northwest.
For St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West. 10 P. M. Making direct connections as follows:

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examine all cares of contraband or captive negroes in The Commission will hold daily sessions (Sonday The Commission will hold daily sessions (Sonday excepted) from 9 o'clock A. M. until I P. M., and from \$ 10.5 P. M., D. O'FITCH, Just 4tf Maj. 25th Mich. Intiy.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS Consignments solicited. Orders filled. ABNER COOPER, Boots, Shoes, and Hats, Commission Merchant, BUTTER, CHEESE, and WEST-ERN PRODUCE, No. 314 Main, between Third and Fourth streets, north ede, nearly opposite Bank of Lonisville.

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PARSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST F. G.
MURPHY are hereby notified to fite the same beless me by the 20th day of July next.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,
Assigned of F. G. Murphy.
Bardslewa, April 16, 1863—d3m<sup>2</sup> U. S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MIL-

U. S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MILITARY GOODS

ITARY GOODS

VOULD DO WELL TO CALL AT J. L. DEPW PEN'S, nertheest corner of Fourth and Market
streets, where they can find a choice secortment of
DEESS and FATIGUE SUITS either for Infanty or
Cavilry ready made, or by leaving their measure can
have a suit made in a shert time and in the best style
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IT SHUULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WHO have husiness transactions with the Company that the administratioe of the Board is divided into swell bepartments. Mr. B. Marshel is the Superinteadens of the Transportation Department, and attends to all matters relating to the neocoment of trains and the ionwarding of freight and passengers, and Mr. Albert Fink at the Superintendent of the Machinery and Road Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the read, machinery, rolling stock, and motive power, and the completion and reconstruction of the read, hidges, etc. Both these officers are acting under the immediate direction of the President and Board of Directors. I and diff. JAMES GUTHRIE, President. TOBACCO-

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35 boxes Peerless do do, 4 lb imms;
In store on consignment and for sale by
No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth.
Lonleville, May 3 1863—dif

RALLY, BENTUCKIANS, RALLY! RALLY, RENTUCHIANS, RALLY!!

THE OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED. I am anthorized to raise a Battery of Artillery, for twelve months' service, for the defence of the border of Kenlucky, to be mustored into the United States service. Young men, come up and volunteer, and prove yonrselves worthy of your noble old State—fight the enemy that is in arms for the destruction of your Government, the best Government upon earth, the great monument erected to the mentory of Washington, the illustrious champion of liberty, which must net and never will be torn down. This war will certainly be prosecuted by the Government nutil this horrid rebeilion is put down, and if you do not volunteer, you will be faken by draft and conscription. But do not/pormil inture history to preclaim that Kentnokians were drafted to project their own State from desirnction hy so incident a fee, from whem nothing can be expected hat anarchy, misery, and rain.

None of the officers are yet selected, and all will have an equal chance.

My headquarters are at Lebanon, and my recruiting office is on Market street, between Second and Third, Lonisville, mar23 dif JNO. W. NEVILLE. M ANUFACTURED TOBACCO—75 boxes Tobacco, M Sanford's brand, just received on consignment of for sale by 518 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

Lonisville, blay 5, 1863—417

NOW IS THE TIME TO VISIT THE MAMMOTH CAVE.

JONG ROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND trisilors can enjoy a nice sail on Lako Lethe and Eche Biver and explore this immense subterrassam wonder. Hotel open for the reception of gueste. Taka with the sail varieties and varieties.

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